

# JARAMOGI ODINGA OGINGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY SCHOOL OF EDUCATION, HUMANITIES AND SOCIAL SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF CURRICULUM AND EDUCATIONAL MANAGEMENT

# UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF EDUCATION ARTS/SCIENCE/SNE/ECED/ & AGRICULTURAL EXTENTION IN EDUCATION WITH IT

4<sup>TH</sup> YEAR, 1<sup>ST</sup> SEMESTER, 2019/2020 ACADEMIC YEAR

# MAIN CAMPUS - SCHOOL OF EDUCATION, HUMANITIES AND SOCIAL SCIENCES/SIAYA CAMPUS - SCHOOL OF AGRICULTURAL AND FOOD SCIENCES, REGULAR STUDENTS

#### SPECIAL EXAMINATION/RE-SIT

**COURSE CODE: EMA 411/PAC 3421** 

COURSE TITLE: EDUCATIONAL ADMINISTRATION & MANAGEMENT

STREAM: BED. ARTS/SCIENCE/SNE/ECED/AGEED

DATE: 09/11/2020 EXAM SESSION: 7.00 – 10.00 AM

TIME: 3 HOURS

#### **Instructions:**

- 1. Answer Question ONE (compulsory) and ANY other TWO questions.
- 2. Candidates are advised to write on the text editor provided, or to write on a foolscap, scan and upload alongside the question.
- 3. Candidates must ensure that they submit their work by clicking 'FINISH AND SUBMIT ATTEMP' button at the end.

QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY). Question 1 A) and B) comprise of Multiple choice questions answer each question by choosing the most appropriate answers from A,B,C and D

A). Define the following terms:

(i) Education (1 mark)

A. Education is the process of facilitating learning, or the acquisition of skills, values, beliefs, and habits.

- B. Education is the process of facilitating learning, or the acquisition of knowledge, skills, values, and habits.
- C. Education is the process of facilitating learning, or the acquisition of knowledge, values, beliefs, and habits.
- D. Education is the process of facilitating learning, or the acquisition of knowledge, skills, values, beliefs, and habits (1 mark).
  - (ii) Educational Administration (1 mark)
- A. Educational administration is a process of acquiring and allocating resources for the achievement of educational goals
- B. Educational administration is a process of acquiring and allocating resources for the achievement of predetermined educational goals
- C. Educational administration is a process of acquiring and allocating resources for the predetermined educational goals
- D. Educational administration is acquiring and allocating resources for the achievement of predetermined educational goals (1 mark).
- B). The following groups consist of the five basic functions of educational management. Which one DOES NOT? (1 mark)

- A. Planning, Organization, Direction, Coordination, and Controlling
- B. Planning, Organization, Directing, Coordination, and Controlling
- C. Planning, Organization, Directing, Coordinator, and Controlling
- D. Planning, Organization, Directing, Coordination, and controlling (1 mark)
- C). The following is a list showing the importance of motivation as an approach to administration and management. Indicate **TRUE** (**T**) or **FALSE** (**F**) appropriately (8 marks)
  - I). Motivation is partly an integral part of the process of direction.
  - II). Motivation helps individuals to be forecast so as to achieve the set objectives.
  - III). A good motivation system, releases the immense untapped reservoirs of physical and mental capabilities or capacities.
  - IV). Motivation seldomly plays a crucial role in determining the level of performance
  - V). It is not necessary that by satisfying human needs motivation helps increase productivity.
  - VI). Effective motivation does not necessarily helps to overcome resistance to change and negative attitude on the part of employees and students
  - VII). Effective motivation creates job satisfaction which results in cordial relations between the employees
  - VIII). Motivation helps to solve the central problem of management the effective use of human resources (8 marks)
- D). Explain the following fields of Educational management (3 marks)
  - (i) Human resource
  - (ii) Learning resources
  - (iii) Facility and finance resources (6 marks).
- E). Compare Educational Administration and Educational Management under the following thematic areas: (a).Meaning; (b) Authority and (c) Area of operation (6 marks)
- F). Explain the relevance of Taylor's four principles of Scientific Management Theory to the school management (4 marks)

G). You have been posted to a newly established Sub-County Mixed Day Secondary school as a new Principal. Explain how you can obtain funds to help you run the school smoothly (4 marks) H). You have received a new school account's clerk/bursar in your school. explain the principles of book keeping you will determine from him/her (3 marks)

# **QUESTION TWO**

(a) Define Bank Reconciliation

(1 mark)

- (b). You have been posted to a school as a new Principal. Discuss issues pertaining to Bank Reconciliation procedures you should familiarize yourself with (10 marks)
- (c). Discuss at least three (3) bank re-conciliatory problems you may encounter as a new Principal of a secondary school (9 marks).

# **QUESTION THREE**

- A). The following statements defines Bureaucracy. Indicate TRUE (T) or FALSE (F) as appropriate (4 marks)
- (i). Max Weber defined bureaucracy as an administration system that is adapted to the needs of a small and complex organization.
- (ii). Bureaucracy sometimes sets norms and enforce the rules, rights, and terms of service.
- (iii). Bureaucracy emphasizes that in an organization, rules, regulations, and leaders must be obeyed if the organization must function effectively.
  - (iv). The focus of this theory is on the individual in an organization. and not on the role or position
- a) Discuss the <u>FOUR (4)</u> characteristics of a bureaucratic organization as advanced by Max Weber (1905)
   marks)

# **QUESTION FOUR**

a) Write TRUE (T) or FALSE (F) for the following definitions of systems approach theory
(4 marks)

- (i). System approach Theory considers the organization as a dynamic and inter-related set of parts.
- (ii). System approach Theory considers the impact of distant future on organizational activities.
- (iii). System approach integrates synthesizes knowledge of different fields of study
- (iv). System approach enables organizations to frame policies that promote business objectives and social objectives.
- b) Discuss the merits and demerits of Systems Approach Theory (7 marks)
- c) You have been posted to a new school as the principal. Discuss how you can use Douglas McGregor's Theory X and Y to improve performance in the school (7 marks)

# **QUESTION FIVE**

- (a). The following statements differentiate between Ledger Inventories and Petty Cash. Write TRUE (T) or FALSE (F) appropriately (5 marks)
  - (i). A Ledger inventory is a document or computer record that tracks inventory (T/F)
  - (ii). The total of all transactions listed in ledger inventory book should match the total for the corresponding account in the general ledger (T/F)
  - (iii). An inventory ledger can be considered a subsidiary ledger of the general ledger irrespective of the type of usage (T/F)
  - (iv). Petty cash or a petty cash fund is a large amount of money available for paying small expenses without writing a Cheque (T/F)
  - (v). The petty cash is controlled through the use of a petty cash voucher for all payments made (T/F)
  - (b). The following statements differentiate Purchase Return Journal and Cash Receipts Journal. Which one is **TRUE** (**T**) or **FALSE** (**F**) (5 marks)
    - (i). Purchase Return Journal is a special journal used for recording credit purchase (T/F)
    - (ii). Cash Receipts Journal is a special journal used for recording all types of cash receipts (T/F)
    - (iii). In modem age, the introduction of cash receipts journal is in practice in medium size

business organizations only (T/F)

- (iv) Cash book fails to provide information regarding various cash receipts and cash flow (T/F)
- (v) Cash received from various sources other than cash sales and account receivables are not recorded in other accounts column (T/F)
- C). Discuss **FOUR (4)** different types of Ledger Inventories (10 marks)