

JARAMOGI OGINGA ODINGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

FIRST YEAR SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE -DECEMBER 2020

SMA 3121: MATHEMATICS II (SPECIAL EXAM)

INSTRUCTIONS:

- This examination paper contains five questions. Answer question one, and any other two questions.
- 2. Start each question on a fresh page.
- 3. Indicate question number clearly at the top of each page.

QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY) (30 MARKS)

| a) | Given | two matric | ces $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$. Find | | |
|----|---|------------|---|-----------|--|
| | i. | 2A-3B | | (2 marks) | |
| | ii. | BA | | (2 marks) | |
| | iii. | B^{-1} | | (3 marks) | |
| b) |) Given two points $P(0, -1)$ and $Q(4, 1)$. Find the equation of the line that is perpendicular t | | | | |
| | and pa | (4 marks) | | | |

c) Evaluate

i)
$$\lim_{x \to 1} (x^2 + 1)$$
 (2 marks)

ii)
$$\lim_{x \to 3} (x^2 + x + 6)$$
 (3 marks)

d) Determine the area between the curve $y = x^3 - 2x^2 - 8x$ and x-axis. (5 marks)

e) Find
$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$
 in $x^2 - y^2 = 1$. (3 marks)

| Consid | ler the three points A(-2,1) B(2,3) and C(3,1). | |
|--------|--|--|
| i) | Find the length of each side of the triangle. | (3 marks) |
| ii) | Verify that the triangle is right angle triangle | (2 marks) |
| iii) | Find the area of the triangle. | (1 mark) |
| | i) ii) | ii) Verify that the triangle is right angle triangle |

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

| a) | Given the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 3 & 0 & 1 \\ 4 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$. Find | |
|----|--|-----------|
| | i) 3 <i>A</i> | (2 marks) |
| | ii) The adjoint of A. | (4 marks) |
| | iii) Inverse of A. | (3 marks) |
| b) | Solve the system of equations using Cramers rule | (6 marks) |
| | $x_1 + 3x_2 + x_3 = -2$ | |
| | $2x_1 + 5x_2 + x_3 = -5$ | |
| | $x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 = 6$ | |
| c) | Evaluate $\int 3te^{2t}dt$ | (5 marks) |

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

a) Find the derivative of the polynomial

i)
$$y = x^{3} + \frac{4}{3}x^{2} - 5x + 1$$
 (3 marks)
ii) $y = \frac{x^{2} - 1}{x^{3} + 1}$ (3 marks)

b) Determine if the following functions are continuous or discontinuous.

i)
$$f(x) = \frac{3x^2 - 7x + 2}{x - 2}$$
 (3 marks)
ii) $f(x) = \frac{1}{x - 2}$ (3 marks)

(3 marks)
c) The concentration C in mg of a chemical in bloodstream t hours after injection into the muscle

$$3t$$

tissue can be modeled by
$$C = \frac{3t}{27 + t^3}$$
; $t \ge 0$. Determine the time when the concentration
reaches its highest level. (5 marks)
d) Find the distance between A(1,1) and B(3,4). (3 marks)

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

a) Use Gauss-Jordan elimination to solve 3x - y = 7

$$2x + 5y = 16$$

b) Find
$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$
 if $2x^3 - 3y^2 = 8$ (6 marks)

(6 marks)

- c) Find the slope m and y-intercept of the equation 2x+4y=8. (3 marks)
- d) Solve the following equation for the variable x $\begin{vmatrix} x & x+1 \\ -1 & x-2 \end{vmatrix} = 7$. (5 marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

- a) Evaluate the given definite integral (5 marks) $\int_{-1}^{0} (-3x^5 - 3x^2 + 2x + 5)dx$
- b) Given a system of equations $2x_1 + 7x_2 + 3x_3 = 7$
 - $x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 = 2$ $x_1 + 5x_2 + 2x_3 = 5$
 - (i) Express the system in the form of matrix equation AB = C, where A is a 3×3 matrix of coefficients of the variables, B and C are suitable column matrices. (2 marks)
 (ii) Determine the adjoint of the matrix A. (5 marks)
 (iii) Hence solve the system of equations. (4 marks)
- c) Does the curve $y = x^4 2x^2 + 2$ have any horizontal tangent? If so where? (4 marks)