# JARAMOGI OGINGA ODINGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY <br> SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS AND ACTUARIAL SCIENCE UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE <br> ACTUARIAL <br> $2^{\text {ND }}$ YEAR $2^{\text {ND }}$ SEMESTER 2022/2023 <br> REGULAR (MAIN) 

COURSE CODE: WAB 2206
COURSE TITLE: ACTUARIAL MATHEMATICS I
EXAM VENUE: STREAM: (BSc Actuarial Science)
DATE:
EXAM SESSION:
TIME: 2.00 HOURS

## Instructions:

1. Answer question 1 (Compulsory) and ANY other 2 questions
2. Candidates are advised not to write on the question paper.
3. Candidates must hand in their answer booklets to the invigilator while in the examination room.

## QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

a. Define the following terms
i.) An annuity certain
ii.) An "interest-only" loan
iii.) A mortgage or repayment loan
b. If $\mu_{\mathrm{x}}$ takes the constant value 0.001 between ages 25 and 35 , calculate the probability that a life aged exactly 25 will survive to age 35 .
(2marks)
c. Given that $e_{50}=30$ and $\mu_{50-\mathrm{t}}=0.005$ for $0 \leq t \leq 1$, what is the value of $e_{51}$ ? (3marks)
d. Describe the cashflows for an organisation that issues a zero-coupon bond. (2marks)
e. An investor purchased a three-year index-linked security on 1.1.2001. In return the investor received payments at the end of each year plus a final redemption amount, all of which were increased in line with the index given in the table above. The payments would have been $£ 600$ each year and $£ 11,000$ on redemption if there had been no inflation. Calculate the payments actually received by the investor.
(3marks)
f. An 8 -month loan is repayable by a single payment of $\mathfrak{£} 100,000$. If the loan is issued at a rate of commercial discount of $15 \%$ pa, how much was initially lent to the borrower?
(2marks)
g. Find the effective annual interest rate that is equivalent to a simple interest rate of $3 \%$ pa over 4 years.
(3marks)
h. Define the effective rate of interest over a given time period
(2marks)
i. Calculate the present value on 1 September 2002 of payments of $£ 280$ due on 1 September 2004 and $£ 360$ due on 1 March 2005. Interest is $15 \%$ pa effective.
j. An investment of $£ 1,000$ made at time 0 is accumulated at the following rates: $8 \%$ per annum simple for two years, followed by a rate of discount of $6 \%$ per annum convertible monthly for two years. Calculate the accumulated amount of the investment after 4 years. (2marks)
k. Find P , if $\mathrm{I}=5, \mathrm{R}=125, \mathrm{i}=10 \%$ and $\mathrm{n}=20$.
(2marks)

## QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

a. Show algebraically that $e_{\mathrm{x}}=\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{x}}\left(1+e_{\mathrm{x}+1}\right)$
(5marks)
b. Show that, if mortality experience conforms to Gompertz' Law, then:
$-\log \left(-\log P_{x}\right)=\log \left[\frac{\log c}{B(C-1)}\right]-x \log c$
Suggest how this property could be used.
(10marks)
c. Show that $\operatorname{Sx}(\mathrm{t})=\frac{\mathrm{S}(\mathrm{x}+\mathrm{t})}{\mathrm{S}(\mathrm{x})}$
(5marks)

## QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

a. The force of interest is given by

$$
\delta(\mathrm{t})=\left\{\begin{array}{cc}
0.08-0.001 t & 0 \leq t<3 \\
0.025 t-0.04 & 3 \leq t<5 \\
0.03 & 5 \leq t
\end{array}\right.
$$

Calculate the present value at time 2 of a payment of $£ 1,000$ at time 10. ( 5 marks)
b. If the force of interest is:

$$
\delta(\mathrm{t})=\left\{\begin{array}{lr}
0.08 & 0 \leq t<5 \\
0.13-0.01 t & 5 \leq t
\end{array}\right.
$$

find expressions for the accumulation factor from time 0 to time $t$.
c Derive the following expressions
i. $\quad f_{x}(t)=-\frac{d}{d t} t p_{x}$
ii. $\quad{ }_{t} q_{x}=t q_{x}$ (if deaths are uniformly distributed between the ages of x and $\mathrm{x}+1$ )

## QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

a. Show that the effective rate of interest, when accumulating using a constant simple interest rate, decreases over time.
(5marks)
b. The force of interest is:
$\delta(t)=0.01 t+0.04 \quad 0 \leq t \leq 5$
Find the present value at time 0 of the payment stream $0.5 \boldsymbol{t}+\mathbf{2}$, which is received between time 0 and 5.
c. An investor deposits $£ 2,000$, then withdraws level annual payments starting one year after the deposit was made. Immediately after the 11 th annual drawing, the investor has $£ 400$ left in the account. Calculate the amount of each withdrawal, given that the annual rate of interest is $8 \%$

## QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

Show that $f x(t)={ }_{t} P_{x} u_{x+t}$

