



**JARAMOGI OGINGA ODINGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY**  
**SCHOOL OF BIOLOGICAL PHYSICAL MATHEMATICS AND ACTUARIAL**  
**SCIENCE**  
**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN**  
**ACTUARIAL SCIENCES**  
**4<sup>TH</sup>YEAR1<sup>ST</sup> SEMESTER 2022/2023 ACADEMIC YEAR**  
**REGULAR (MAIN)**

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**COURSE CODE: WAB2415**

**COURSE TITLE: FURTHER DISTRIBUTION THEORY**

**EXAM VENUE: LAB 17**

**STREAM: (B.sc. Actuarial Science)**

**DATE: 5/12/2022**

**EXAM SESSION: 9.00-11.00AM**

**TIME: 2.00 HOURS**

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**Instructions:**

- 1. Answer question 1 (Compulsory) and ANY other 2 questions**
- 2. Candidates are advised not to write on the question paper.**
- 3. Candidates must hand in their answer booklets to the invigilator while in the examination room.**

**QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)**

- a) The average number of calls received per hour by an insurance company's switchboard is 5. Calculate the exact probability that in a working day of eight hours, the number of telephone calls received will be
- i. exactly 36 (2 Marks)
  - ii. between 42 and 45 inclusive (3 Marks)
- b) Calculate the approximate probabilities using the normal approximation in (a) above (6 Marks)
- c) Use a normal approximation to calculate an approximate value for the probability that an observation from  $\text{Gamma}(25,50)$  random variable falls between 0.4 and 0.8 (4 Marks)
- d) What is the approximate probability that the mean sample of 10 observations from a  $\text{Beta}(10,10)$  random variable falls between 0.48 and 0.52. (7 Marks)
- e) The probability distribution function of a random variable  $X$  is given by
- $$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x & 0 < x < 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
- . Show that as  $k$  increases  $\Pr(|X - \mu| \geq k\sigma)$  decreases. (8 Marks)

**QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)**

- a) Given that  $X$  is a continuous random variable, then  $X$  is said to have a chi – square distribution with probability density function given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\Gamma(\frac{n}{2})2^{n/2}} x^{\frac{n}{2}-1} e^{-x/2} & x > 0 \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

Find

- i. the moment generating function of the chi – square (8 Marks)
  - ii. the mean and the variance of the chi – square distribution. (9 Marks)
- b) Given that the moment generating function of a random variable  $X$  is given by
- $$M_x(t) = (1 - 2t)^{-8}, \quad t < 1/2$$
- i. State the distribution of  $X$ . (1 Mark)
  - ii. Hence find the mean and variance of  $X$  (2 Marks)

**QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)**

- a) A random variable  $X$  is said to follow Pareto (type I) distribution with its probability density function given by

$$f(x) = \frac{\alpha k^\alpha}{x^{\alpha+1}} \quad x > k,$$

where  $k$  is the scale parameter and  $\alpha$  is the shape parameter. Obtain the mean and variance of this distribution. (12 Marks)

- b) The random variable  $X$  is an insurer's annual hurricane – related no indent. Suppose that the density function of  $X$  is

$$f(x) = \frac{2.2(250)^{2.2}}{x^{3.2}} \quad x > 250$$

Calculate the mean and median of the annual hurricane related loss. (8 Marks)

**QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)**

- a) The time taken by the milkman to deliver milk to high street is normally distributed with mean of 12 minutes and a standard deviation of 2 minutes. He delivers milk every day. Estimate the number of days during the year when he takes longer than 17 minutes.

(5 Marks)

- b) A continuous random variable  $X$  follows a Weibull distribution with parameters  $\beta$  and  $\alpha$  whose probability density function is given by

$$f(x) = \frac{\beta}{\alpha} \left(\frac{x}{\alpha}\right)^{\beta-1} e^{-\left(\frac{x}{\alpha}\right)^\beta}; \quad \beta, \alpha > 0 \quad x > 0$$

$\beta$  is the shape parameter and  $\alpha$  is the scale parameter. Obtain the mean and variance of this distribution. (15 Marks)

**QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)**

Let  $X$  be a standard normal variable with mean of zero and a variance of one. Let  $U$  be a chi – square variable with  $n$  degrees of freedom. Given that  $X$  and  $U$  are stochastically independent, we define another random variable given by

$$T = \frac{X}{\sqrt{U/n}}$$

Determine the probability distribution function of  $T$ , hence obtain the mean and variance of  $T$ . (20 marks)