SPECIFY TYPE OF EXAMINATION
FIRST ATTEMPT  FIRST RESIT
SECOND RESIT RE-TAKE



### JARAMOGI OGINGA ODINGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

# SCHOOL OF INNOVATION AND INFORMATION SYSTEMS UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF INFORMATION COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY 2<sup>ND</sup> YEAR 1<sup>ST</sup> SEMESTER 2022/2023 ACADEMIC YEAR

# **MAIN CAMPUS**

**COURSE CODE: ITB 2202** 

**COURSE TITLE: INFORMATIOM REQUIREMENTS DEFINITION AND MANAGEMENT** 

DATE: TIME:

TIME: 2 HOURS

### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1. Answer Question 1 (Compulsory) and ANY other TWO questions
- 2. Candidates are advised not to write on the question paper
- 3. Candidates must hand in their answer booklets to the invigilator while in the examination room

### Question 1 [30 marks]

- a) Define the term *Requirements* as used in systems development (2marks)
- b) State and briefly describe any three techniques that a system analyst can use during requirements gathering (6 marks)
- c) State and explain three benefits of requirements management (6 marks)
- d) Describe three types of requirements a system analyst may come across during system development.
   (6marks)
- e) JAD is a process designed for development of computer based systems. Describe three circumstances under which a system analyst may decide to use JAD during a system development process.
- f) List and explain two roles of a system analyst during the process of system development
   (2marks)
- g) State any two software development methodologies that a system may use during software development
   (2 marks)

### Question 2 [20 marks]

a) Provide a description of the role that the following are expected to play in a system development

i. Users. (2 Marks)

ii. Management. (2 Marks)

iii. Quality Assurance people. (2marks)

- b) Describe four phases of requirements management process (8 marks)
- c) State and explain two common problems faced by (Business or Technical) analysts
   during requirement elicitation process

  (4 marks)
- d) Identify four skills needed to successfully function as an Information system analyst(2marks)

# Question 3 [20 marks]

a) Using prototyping during requirements determination is most useful in certain specific circumstances, describe two such scenarios (4 marks)

- b) Differentiate between waterfall model and Agile development methodologies in relation to requirements management? (4 Marks)
- c) State FIVE important reasons for system documentation (4 Marks)
- d) During the process of system development, system failure can be anticipated since
  there is no full guarantee of success for the anticipated information system. State
  and explain FOUR possible reasons why systems fail. (4 Marks)
- e) Describe two Non-functional requirements of a software product (2 marks)

# Question 4 [20 marks]

- a) In a systems development life cycle, the systems analyst is interested in finding out the organization's objectives and exploring the nature and scope of the problems under study during the feasibility stage. Explain three objectives of a feasibility study (6marks)
- b) One of the most important component of requirements management is traceability, state two reasons why tracing is important (4 Marks)
- c) State **four** components of an information system environment

(4marks)

d) Define **stakeholder** as used in requirements definition

(2 marks)

- e) Identify any **two** Business requirements for an organization with a goal of expanding into the global market this year (2 marks)
- f) State any **two** possible user requirements for a web portal platform (2 marks)

### Question 5 [20 marks]

- a) What is requirements management (2marks)
- b) Describe any **four** contents of a requirements management plan (8marks)
- c) John, a system analyst is always concerned with effective management of requirements, state any four advantages of his actions. (4 marks)
- d) Compare and contrast the following approaches of writing requirements (6marks)
  - i) Requirements specification document
  - ii) User stories