

JARAMOGI OGINGA ODINGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY SCHOOL OF HEALTH SCIENCES UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE PUBLIC HEALTH / COMMUNITY HEALTH AND DEVELOPMENT 2ND YEAR 1ST SEMESTER 2022/2023 ACADEMIC YEAR MAIN/KISUMU CAMPUS

COURSE CODE: HBB 9204

COURSE TITLE: INTRODUCTORY VIROLOGY

EXAM VENUE:

STREAM: (BSc. Env. Hlth/ Comm Hlth & Dev)

DATE: 19/12/2022

EXAM SESSION: 15.00-17.00PM

TIME: 2.00 HOURS

Instructions:

- 1. Answer all the questions in Section A and 2 questions in Section B.
- 2. Candidates are advised not to write on the question paper.
- 3. Candidates must hand in their answer booklets to the invigilator while in the examination room.

SECTION A: ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS 30 MARKS

1.	List THREE characteristics of viruses that make them to be considered non-living			
	entities	(3 marks)		
2.	Using an example of one viral disease, explain vertical transmission in viral disea			
	and how it can be prevented	(3 marks)		
3.	Differentiate, giving examples, between localized and generalized infection	ons(3 marks)		
4.	Explain what cytopathic effects are and how they arise	(3 marks)		
5.	Mutations that occur in viruses are a feature of Public Health importance, explain			
		(3 marks)		
6.	Is there such a thing as a "good virus"? Explain why or why not. Consider	all types of		
	viruses	(3 marks)		
7.	Describe TWO (2) ways in which chronic persistent infections can present. Give a			
	specific example in each case	(3 marks)		
8.	Distinguish between killed and live-attenuated vaccines and give one adva	guish between killed and live-attenuated vaccines and give one advantage of		
	each	(3 marks)		
9.	Compare and contrast productive and restrictive viral infections	(3 marks)		
10. Explain post exposure prophylaxis and give three instances when it can be applied (3				
	marks)			
SECTION B: ANSWER QUESTION ONE (1) AND ANY OTHER QUESTION (40 MARKS)				

1.	Vith the help of a diagram, discuss the activities and events involved in the viral	
	replication process	(20 marks)
2.	a. Why are viral diseases more difficult to treat than bacterial diseases?	(1 mark)
	b. If you were involved in developing an antiviral drug, what would be s	ome
	important considerations?	(3 marks)
	c. How could multiplication be blocked?	(16 marks)
3.	Discuss transmission of viruses by portal of entry and give examples of v	iral diseases
	under each group	(20 marks)