



JARAMOGI OGINGA ODINGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

**SCHOOL OF BIOLOGICAL PHYSICAL MATHEMATICS AND ACTUARIAL
SCIENCES**

**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF ACTUARIAL
SCIENCE WITH IT**

1ST YEAR 2ND SEMESTER 2023/2024 ACADEMIC YEAR

MAIN CAMPUS

COURSE CODE: WAB 2108

COURSE TITLE: PROBABILITY AND DISTRIBUTION THEORY I

EXAM VENUE:

STREAM:

DATE:

EXAM SESSION:

TIME: 2.00 HOURS

Instructions:

- 1. Answer question one (compulsory) and any other two questions.**
- 2. Candidates are advised not to write on the question paper.**
- 3. Candidates must hand in their answer booklets to the invigilator while in the examination room.**

QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

- a) Given that X and Y are independent random variables with probability distribution functions in the form given by $f(y) = \begin{cases} 2(1-y) & 0 \leq y \leq 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$. Determine the value of $P(X + Y \leq 1)$ (5 Marks)

- b) Given that the joint probability distribution function of two random variables M and N is $P(M = m, N = n) = \begin{cases} \frac{m}{35 \times 2^{n-2}} & m = 1, 2, 3, 4; n = 1, 2, 3 \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$

- i. Obtain the probability function for marginal distribution of M . (2 Marks)
ii. Find the conditional probability function of M given $N = n$. (2 Marks)

- c) Suppose that the joint probability distribution function of X and Y is

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{3}{16}(4 - 2x - y) & x \geq 0; y \geq 0 \text{ and } 2x + y \leq 4 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- i. Determine the conditional probability distribution of Y given X . (3 Marks)
ii. Obtain the $P(X \geq 2 | Y = 0.5)$ (2 Marks)

- d) Given a random variable X with probability distribution function given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \lambda e^{-\lambda x} & \lambda > 0; x > 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Obtain;

- i. $E(X)$ (4 Marks)
ii. $var(X)$ (4 Marks)

- e) Suppose X and Y have a continuous joint distribution for which the joint probability distribution function is defined as follows:

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{3}{2}(y^2) & 0 \leq x \leq 2; 0 \leq y \leq 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Determine whether the results $P(X < 1)$ and $P\left(Y \geq \frac{1}{2}\right)$ are independent? (8 Marks)

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

Suppose that X and Y have a discrete joint probability distribution function defined as

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{30}(x + y) & x = 0, 1, 2; y = 0, 1, 2, 3 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- a) Determine the marginal probability function of X and Y , then represent the results in tabular form. (14 Marks)
b) Obtain $E(Y|X=2)$ (6 Marks)

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

If X and Y are random variables whose joint probability distribution function is given

$$\text{by } f(x, y) = \begin{cases} 2 & 0 < x < y < 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- a) Obtain the marginal densities of X and Y (4 Marks)
b) Determine $E(X|Y)$ and $var(X|Y)$ for $0 < y < 1$ (8 Marks)
c) Determine $E(Y|X)$ and $var(Y|X)$ for $0 < x < 1$ (8 Marks)

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

a) Consider a bivariate function given by

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} k(6 - x - y) & 0 \leq x \leq 2; 2 \leq y \leq 4 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- i. Determine k so that $f(x, y)$ is a joint probability distribution function of X and Y . (4 Marks)
- ii. Obtain $P(X < 1, Y < 3)$ for equation (i.) above. (6 Marks)
- b) Suppose that X and Y are discrete random variables with joint probability distribution functions given by the following table

		Y			$f_1(x)$
		0	1	2	
X	0	0.10	0.10	0.20	0.40
	1	0	0.15	0.05	0.20
	3	0.10	0.20	0.10	0.40
$f_1(y)$		0.20	0.45	0.35	1

Compute the coefficient of correlation between X and Y (10 Marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

a) Given a random variable X with probability density function given as

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{\lambda}{\Gamma(r)} (\lambda x)^{r-1} e^{-\lambda x} & r, \lambda > 0; x \geq 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Obtain;

- i. $E(X)$ (4 Marks)
- ii. $\text{var}(X)$ (6 Marks)
- b) Given that X is a continuous random variable, then X is said to have a chi – square distribution with probability density function given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\Gamma(n/2) 2^{n/2}} x^{\frac{n}{2}-1} e^{-x/2} & x > 0 \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

Find the moment generating function of the chi – square (10 Marks)