



**JARAMOGI OGINGA ODINGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY**  
**SCHOOL OF INFORMATICS AND INNOVATIVE SYSTEMS**  
**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR SCIENCE COMPUTER**  
**SECURITY AND FORENSIC**  
**1<sup>ST</sup> YEAR 1<sup>ST</sup> SEMESTER 2016/2017 ACADEMIC YEAR**  
**KISUMU CAMPUS**

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**COURSE CODE: SMA3113**

**COURSE TITLE: LOGICAL FUNCTIONS**

**EXAM VENUE: STREAM: Bsc Computer Forensic and Security**

**DATE: JAN-APRIL 2017 EXAM SESSION:**

**TIME: 2.00 HOURS**

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**Instructions:**

- 1. Answer Question 1 (Compulsory) and ANY other two questions**
- 2. Candidates are advised not to write on the question paper**
- 3. Candidates must hand in their answer booklets to the invigilator while in the examination room**

### QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS) COMPULSORY

- a) Simplify the Boolean function  $F(x, y, z) = S(2, 3, 4, 5)$  6 Marks
- b) Convert the following twos complement binary numbers to their equivalent decimal number  
i)  $(01.011)_2$ 's-compl; ii)  $(11.011)_2$ 's-compl 6 Marks
- c) Convert the following binary numbers to their equivalent decimal numbers  
i)  $1011.101_2$  ii)  $0.0110_2$  iii)  $1010.1101_2$  iv)  $1110110_2$  6 Marks
- d) For the given functions, rearrange the formulae to make x the subject of the formulae. Show your working. i)  $y(2x + 1) = x + 1$  ii)  $m = k\sqrt{a(1 - x)}$  6 Marks
- e) Solve the following using one's complements i)  $1000-1010$  ii)  $1101-111$  6 Marks

### QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

- a) In a survey of 10 households, the number of children was found to be 4, 1, 5, 4, 3, 7, 2, 3, 4, 1  
(i) State the mode. 1 Mark  
(ii) Calculate  
(a) the mean number of children per household 2 Marks  
(b) the median number of children per household. 2 Marks  
(c) A researcher says: "The mode seems to be the best average to represent the data in this survey." Give ONE reason to support this statement. 1 Mark
- b) Three resistors  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ , and  $R_3$  are connected in parallel in an electric circuit. Solve for the effective resistance  $R_{eff}$  given that  $\frac{1}{R_{eff}} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3}$  4 Marks
- c) In the design of orifice plate flowmeters, the volumetric flowrate,  $Q$  ( $m^3s^{-1}$ ), is given by

$$Q = C_d A_o \sqrt{\frac{2g\Delta h}{1 - \frac{A_o^2}{A_p^2}}}$$

where  $C_d$  is a dimensionless discharge coefficient,  $\Delta h$  (m) is the head difference across the orifice plate and  $A_o$  ( $m^2$ ) is the area of the orifice and  $A_p$  ( $m^2$ ) is the area of the pipe.

(i) Rearrange the equation to solve for the area of the orifice,  $A_o$ , in terms of the other variables. 4 Marks

(ii) A volumetric flowrate of  $100 \text{ cm}^3\text{s}^{-1}$  passes through a 10 cm inside diameter pipe. Assuming a discharge coefficient of 0.6, calculate the required orifice diameter, so that the head difference across the orifice plate is 200 mm. 3 Marks

Be very careful with the units!

- d) Obtain the conjunctive normal form of the form  $(p \wedge q) \vee (\neg p \wedge q \wedge r)$  3 Marks

### QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

- a) Given the sets  $A = \{a, b, c, d, e, f\}$   $B = \{a, c, e, g, i, k\}$   $C = \{g, h, i, j, k\}$  Find  
 i)  $A \cup B$  ii)  $A \cap B$  iii)  $A \cap C$  6 Marks
- b) Prove the following:  
 i)  $A + \bar{A}.B = A + B$   
 ii)  $A.(\bar{A} + B) = A.B$   
 iii)  $(A + B).(A + C) = A.C + \bar{A}.B$   
 iv)  $(A + C).(A + B) = A.B + \bar{A}.C$  12 Marks
- c) State De Morgans' Theorem 02 Marks

### QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

- a) Construct the table for  $(a \vee b) \leftrightarrow [(\neg a) \wedge c] \rightarrow (b \wedge c)$  8 Marks
- b) Show the equivalence of the following:  
 i)  $[d \rightarrow ((\neg a) \wedge b) \wedge c]$  and  $\neg[(a \vee (\neg(b \wedge c))) \wedge d]$  5 Marks  
 ii)  $P \vee (q \vee r)$  and  $(p \vee q) \wedge (p \vee r)$  7 Marks

### QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

- a) Prove the following identity:  $(A \cup B) \cap (A \cup B^c) = A$  4 Marks
- b) Draw Venn diagrams showing:  
 i)  $(A \cup B) = (A \cup C)$  but  $B \neq C$  4 Marks  
 ii)  $(A \cap B) = (A \cap C)$  but  $B \neq C$  4 Marks
- c) Draw the logic circuit L with inputs A, B, C and output Y which corresponds to each Boolean expression:  
 i)  $Y = ABC + A'C' + B'C'$  4 Marks  
 ii)  $Y = AB'C + ABC' + AB'C'$  4 Marks