

JARAMOGI IGONGA ODINGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNIOLOGY SCHOOL OF AGRICUTURE AND FOOD SCIENCES

THIRDYEAR FIRST SEMESTER UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN FOOD SECURITY

2017/2018 ACADEMIC YEAR

REGULAR

COURSE CODE: AFB 3317

COURSE TITLE: NUTRITIONAL ANTHROPOLOGY II

EXAM VENUE: LR 5 STREAM: (BSc. FOOD SECURITY)

DATE: 13/12/17 EXAM SESSION:9.00 – 11.00 am

TIME: 2 HOURS

Instructions:

1. Answer ALL questions in Section A and Any two questions in Section B

- 2. Candidates are advised not to write on question paper
- 3. Candidates must hand in their answer booklets to the invigilator while in the examination room

<u>SECTION A [30 MARKS]</u> Answer ALL questions in this section

1. Describe the following African foods giving their past present and future outlook:

a. Egusi (4 marks)b. Bambara bean (4marks)c. Finger Millet (4 marks)

2. List three (3)animals hunted for their meat in West Africa and discuss their effect on biodiversity and human health (6 marks)

3. Describe the key nutrients from the following Maasai traditional foods and which group was allowed consume them.

a. Nailanga (blood + milk)
b. Olkimitare (Herb)
c. Olpurda(Lean dried meat in solidified fat)
4. Give the three objectives for nutritional status assessment
(3 marks)
(3 marks)
(4 marks)

SECTION B [40 MARKS]

Answer ANY TWO questions from this section

- 5. You are required to advise your colleagues at the university to improve their diets to avoid non communicable diseases (ncds).
 - a. Write notes for you talkentitled "Use of African Indigenous foods to combat ncds".

(10 marks)

- b. Describe the main methods to collect data on dietary intake. (10 marks)
- 6. Discuss the current production status of fonio and it nutritional benefits Africans would gain by increasing its consumptionand effects on environmental sustainability. (20 marks)
- 7. Moringa is plant used as food as well as medicine. Discuss its multi-functionality, myths, facts or taboos associated with it. (20 marks)