



**JARAMOGI OGINGA ODINGA UNIVERSITY
OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY**

**FIRST YEAR FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR
THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF
SCHOOL BASED PROGRAM**

SMA 200: CALCULUS II

Date: August, 2013

Time: -

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. This examination paper contains five questions. Answer **question one**, and **any other two** questions.
2. Start each question on a fresh page.
3. Indicate question number clearly at the top of each page.

QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY) (30 marks)

- a) Evaluate the integral

$$\int_{-2}^2 (x^3 - 2x + 3) dx \quad (4 \text{ marks})$$

- b) Verify by differentiation that the formula is correct

$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}} = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{a} \right) + C \quad (6 \text{ marks})$$

- c) Using appropriate substitution, evaluate the indefinite integral

$$\int (x+2) \sin(x^2 + 4x - 6) dx \quad (4 \text{ marks})$$

- d) By separating the fraction and using a substitution (if necessary) to reduce to standard form, evaluate

$$\int_0^1 \frac{1-x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx \quad (6 \text{ marks})$$

- e) By multiplying by a form of 1, evaluate

$$\int \frac{1}{1 - \sin x} dx \quad (5 \text{ marks})$$

- f) Using appropriate substitution, evaluate

$$\int_{-f/2}^f (\sin y) e^{\cos y} dy \quad (5 \text{ marks})$$

QUESTION TWO (20 marks)

- a) By reducing the improper fraction and using a substitution (if necessary) to reduce it to standard form, evaluate

$$\int \frac{4x^3 - x^2 + 16x}{x^2 + 4} dx \quad (5 \text{ marks})$$

- b) Evaluate $\int (\sec x + \cot x)^2 dx$ using trigonometric identities and substitution to reduce to standard form (5 marks)

- c) Making the appropriate substitution for u :

- i. express the following integral in terms of u
- ii. evaluate the integral as function of x

$$\int (x+1)^2 \sqrt{x-2} dx \quad (6 \text{ marks})$$

- d) Using appropriate substitution to reduce to standard form, evaluate

$$\int_1^2 \frac{18x}{\sqrt{9x^2 + 1}} dx \quad (4 \text{ marks})$$

QUESTION THREE (20 marks)

- a) Express the integrand as a sum of partial fractions and evaluate the integral

$$\int \frac{x^2 + 6x - 1}{(x+4)(x+1)} dx \quad (7 \text{ marks})$$

- b) Evaluate the following integral by using a substitution prior to integration by parts

$$\int x^2 e^{3x} dx \quad (7 \text{ marks})$$

- c) Evaluate the following improper integral

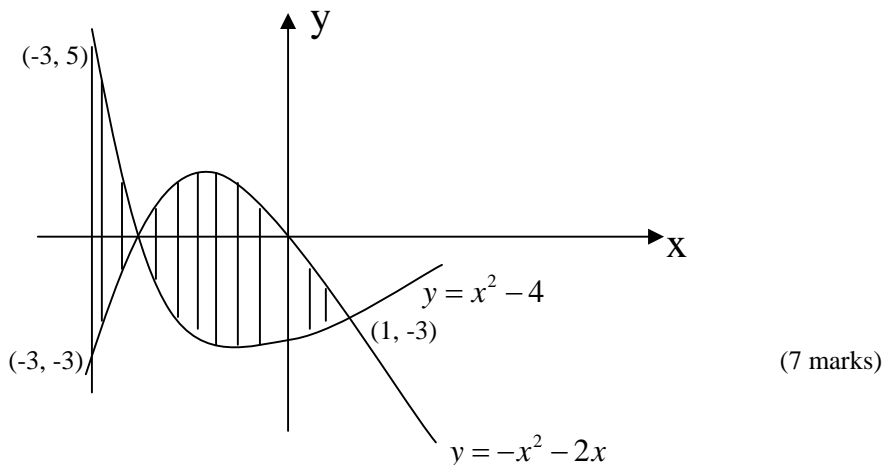
$$\int_1^{\infty} \frac{x^2}{x^3 + 2} dx \quad (6 \text{ marks})$$

QUESTION FOUR (20 marks)

- a) Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region bounded by the line $y = 2 - x$ and the curve $y = 4 - x^2$ about the x -axis. (7 marks)

- b) Determine the area of the surface generated by revolving the curve $y = x^3/9$, $0 \leq x \leq 2$ about the x -axis. (6 marks)

- c) Find the total area of the shaded region



QUESTION FIVE (20 marks)

- a) Using eleven ordinates, apply Simpson's rule to evaluate the integral

$$\int_1^2 \left(\frac{1}{x}\right) dx \quad (7 \text{ marks})$$

- b) For what value of x is the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(x-3)^n}{n}$ convergent. (6 marks)

- c) Use a Taylor polynomial of degree 8 to approximate

$$\int_0^1 e^{-x^2} dx \quad (7 \text{ marks})$$