

JARAMOGI OGINGA ODINGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND
TECHNOLOGY

4th **YEAR** 1st **SEMESTER EXAMINATION** [SCHOOL BASED]

SMA 403: TOPOLOGY

INSTRUCTION: Attempt question one (**COMPULSORY**) and any other TWO questions only.

QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY) [30 MARKS]

- (a). Define the following terms: Open set, closed set, boundary point and interior point. (5 marks)
- (b). Let X be a topological space. Prove that a subset V of X is open in X iff V is a neighbourhood of each point belonging to V . (5 marks)
- (c). Distinguish between a topological subspace and a basis of a topological space. (4 marks)
- (d). Define a homeomorphism giving an example. (4 marks)
- (e). If $L = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^n : 7x + 3y = 14\}$ and $r = (2, -1)$, find the distance between the point r and L . (4 marks)
- (f). Let X be a topological space, and let A be a subset of X . A subset B of A is closed in A iff $B = A \setminus F$ for some closed subset F of X . (5 marks)
- (g). Given the set $V = \{v : v \text{ is a digit}\}$, find the cardinality of V and the subset of V containing nonzero prime numbers. (3 marks)

QUESTION TWO [20 MARKS]

- (a). Define a topological space. (3 marks)
- (b). Let $P = \{1, 2, 3\}$, $\mathfrak{h} = \{\emptyset, \{1\}, \{1, 2\}, \{1, 3\}, P\}$ and $\mathfrak{h}' = \{\emptyset, \{1\}, \{2\}, \{1, 2\}, \{2, 3\}, P\}$. Determine whether \mathfrak{h} and $\mathfrak{h} \cup \mathfrak{h}'$ are topologies on P . (17 marks)

QUESTION THREE [20 MARKS]

- (a). Define a Hausdorff space giving one example. (5 marks)
- (b). Prove that all metric spaces are Hausdorff spaces. (15 marks)

QUESTION FOUR [20 MARKS]

- (a). Define continuity of a function between topological spaces. (2 marks)
- (b). Let X, Y, Z be topological spaces, and let $f : X \rightarrow Y$ and $g : Y \rightarrow Z$ be continuous functions. Prove that the composition $g \circ f : X \rightarrow Z$ of the functions f and g is continuous. (14 marks)
- (c). Let X, Y be topological spaces, and let $f : X \rightarrow Y$ be a function from X to Y . Prove that the function f is continuous if and only if $f^{-1}(G)$ is closed in X for every closed subset G of Y . (4 marks)

QUESTION FIVE [20 MARKS]

- (a). Define a metric space. (3 marks)
- (b). If $X = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : xy = 1\}$ and $Y = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : y = 0\}$, find $d(X, Y)$. (2 marks)
- (c). Let \mathbb{R} be the set of real numbers. Show that $d : \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ defined by $d(x, y) = |x - y|$, for all $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$ a metric on \mathbb{R} . (9 marks)
- (d). Describe two applications of the study of topology to real life situations giving relevant examples. (6 marks)