



**JARAMOGI OGINGA ODONGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY**  
**SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICAL & ACTUARIAL SCIENCE**  
**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR THE MASTERS DEGREE**  
**IN APPLIED MATHEMATICS**  
**1<sup>ST</sup> YEAR 2<sup>ND</sup> SEMESTER 2013/2014 ACADEMIC YEAR**  
**KISUMU LEARNING CENTRE**

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**COURSE CODE: SMA 841**

**COURSE TITLE: FLUID MECHANICS I**

**EXAM VENUE:**

**STREAM: (MSc. )**

**DATE: 30/4/2014**

**EXAM SESSION: 9.00 – 12.00 NOON**

**TIME: 3 HOURS**

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**Instructions:**

- 1. Answer question 1 (Compulsory) and ANY other 2 questions**
- 2. Candidates are advised not to write on the question paper.**
- 3. Candidates must hand in their answer booklets to the invigilator while in the examination room.**

**QUESTION ONE (20 marks)**

- a) Calculate the density, specific weight and weight of one litre of petrol of specific gravity 0.7 .  
(3 marks)
- b) State Newton's law of Viscosity and hence distinguish between Newtonian and Non-Newtonian fluids.  
(4 marks)
- c) In a fluid, the velocity field is given by  
$$\underline{V} = (3x + 2y)\hat{i} + (2z + 3x^2)\hat{j} + (2t - 3z)\hat{k}$$
Determine  
(i) The velocity components  $u, v, w$  at any point in the flow field. (1 mark)  
(ii) The speed at point (1,1,1) (2marks)  
(iii) The speed at time  $t = 2s$  at point (0,0,2) (2 marks)
- d) Determine the intensity of shear of an oil having viscosity = 1 poise. The oil is used for lubricating the clearance between a shaft of diameter 10cm and its journal bearing. The clearance is 1.5mm and the shaft rotates at 150 r.p.m (8 marks)

**QUESTION TWO (20 marks)**

- a) In a two-dimensional incompressible flow, the fluid velocity components are given by  
 $u = x - 4y$  and  $v = -y - 4x$ . Show that velocity potential exists and hence determine its form as well as stream function. (7 marks)
- b) Two horizontal plates are placed 1.25cm apart and the space between them is filled with oil of viscosity 14 poises. Calculate the share stress in oil if the upper plate is moved with a velocity of 2.5m / s (7 marks)
- c) Find the surface tension in a soap bubble of 40mm diameter when the inside pressure is 2.5N / m<sup>2</sup> above atmospheric pressure. (6 marks)

**QUESTION THREE (20 marks)**

- A pipeline carrying oil of specific gravity 0.8 changes in diameter from 300mm at position 1 to 600mm diameter at position 2 which is 5 metres at a higher level. If the pressure at positions 1 and 2 are 100KN / m<sup>2</sup> and 60KN / m<sup>2</sup> respectively and discharge is 300 litres / sec. Determine  
(i) Loss of head (18 marks)  
(ii) Direction of flow (2 marks)

**QUESTION FOUR (20 marks)**

- a) Distinguish between isothermal process and adiabatic process (4 marks)  
b) State and prove Bernoulli's theorem (16 marks)

**QUESTION FIVE (20 marks)**

- a) The dynamic viscosity of oil used for lubrication between a shaft and sleeve is 6 poise. The shaft is of diameter 0.4m and rotates at 190 r.p.m. Calculate the power lost in the bearing for a sleeve length of 90mm if the thickness of the oil film is 1.5mm. (12 marks)
- b) The velocity potential function for a two-dimensional flow is  $w = x(2y - 1)$ . At a point  $P(4,5)$ , determine:  
(i) The velocity and (4 marks)  
(ii) The value of the stream function. (4 marks)