



JARAMOGI OGINGA ODINGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY
SCHOOL OF SPATIAL PLANNING
UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN
WATER RESOURCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT
SEMESTER 2016/2017 ACADEMIC YEAR

CENTRE: MAIN CAMPUS

COURSE CODE: PWE 3212

COURSE TITLE: WATER RESOURCE TECHNOLOGY I

EXAM VENUE:

STREAM: SPATIAL PLANNING

DATE:

EXAM SESSION:

TIME: 2 HOURS

Instructions:

- 1. Answer question 1 (compulsory) and ANY other 2 questions.**
- 2. Candidates are advised not to write on the question paper.**
- 3. Candidates must hand in their answer booklets to the invigilator while in the examination room.**

QUESTION ONE**[30 marks]**

- (a) Discuss the different types of reservoirs and the purpose served by each type. **[8 marks]**
- (b) Discuss the activities involved in engineering surveys for planning and investigation of reservoirs and dams. **[9 marks]**
- (c) Discuss global overview of water resources. **[7 marks]**
- (d) Table 1(d) gives the areas enclosed by contours at various elevations.

Table 1(d)

Contour [m]	Area [km ²]	Contour [m]	Area [km ²]
222	1.8	237	2362.5
225	22.4	240	3473.8
228	166.6	243	4000.5
231	258.3	246	4396.0
234	1526.9	249	4638.4

Taking 222 m as the bottom level of the reservoir and 249 m as the top level, compute the capacity of the reservoir by:

- i. Trapezoidal formula. **[2 marks]**
- ii. Prismoidal formula. **[2 marks]**
- iii. Cone formula **[2 marks]**

QUESTION TWO**[20 marks]**

- (a) Discuss effects of sedimentation on reservoir functions **[4 marks]**
- (b) Discuss both pre- construction and post construction measures for controlling siltation in reservoirs. **[8 marks]**

The runoff from a catchment during the successive months is shown in Table 2(c). Determined by mass curve method the capacity of the reservoir required if the entire inflow of water is withdrawn at a uniform rate without any loss of water over the spillway. **[8 marks]**

Table 2(c)

Months	Runoff $\times 10^6 \text{m}^3$	Months	Runoff $\times 10^6 \text{m}^3$
January	1.8	July	20
February	2.5	August	24
March	3.2	September	3.5
April	9.0	October	2.8
May	12.5	November	2.2
June	13.0	December	1.8

QUESTION THREE

[20 marks]

- (a) With the aid of a sketch describe the construction features of a buttress dam. Outline its merits and demerits. **[7 marks]**
- (b) With the aid of a sketch describe the construction features of an arch dam. Outline its merits and demerits. **[7 marks]**
- (c) Discuss the factors considered when selecting a dam site. **[6 marks]**

QUESTION FOUR

[20 marks]

- (a) Explain the meaning of a spillway and why is it necessary in dam construction. **[4 marks]**
- Figure 4(b) gives the profile of a gravity dam with reservoir level as shown. Determine the normal stresses at the toe and heel. Take unit weight of concrete as 23.5 kN/m^3 and $C=1$.

[10 marks]

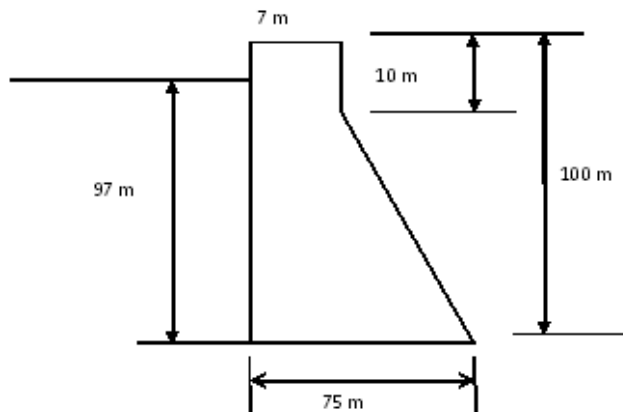


Figure 4(b)

- (b) Describe the following types of earthen dams:
- i. Homogeneous embankment [3 marks]
 - ii. Zoned embankment type [3 marks]

QUESTION FIVE [20 marks]

- (a) Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of Hydro-Power System. [5 marks]
- (b) With the help of a map show any four major hydropower generation plants in Kenya [4 marks]
- (c) Give an account of environmental impacts of water power development projects. [5 marks]
- (d) The construction costs for certain possible heights of a dam at a given site have been estimated and tabulated in Table 5(d). The storage capacities for all these dam heights are also given.

Table 5(d)

Height of dam in [m]	Construction cost x 10 ⁶ Ksh.	Storage x 10 ⁶ m ³
10	40	50
20	80	110
30	120	180
40	180	250
50	270	350
60	390	500
65	500	600

Determine the most economical height of the dam from purely construction point of view. [6 marks]