

# JARAMOGI OGINGA ODINGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY SCHOOL OF HEALTH SCIENCES

# UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN PUBLIC HEALTH AND BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN COMMUNITY HEALTH DEVELOPMENT

## 2RDYEAR 1ST SEMESTER 2016/2017 ACADEMIC YEAR KISH CAMPUS-PART TIME STUDENTS

**COURSE CODE: PSP 3214** 

**COURSE TITLE: GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEMS** 

**EXAM VENUE: EXAM SESSION:** 

DATE: AUGUST, 2016

TIME: 2 HOURS

### **Instructions:**

- 1. Answer All questions in Section A and any 2 in section B
- 2. Candidates are advised not to write on the question paper.
- 3. Candidates must hand in their answer booklets to the invigilator while in the examination room.
- 4. Use sketch maps and diagrams wherever they serve to illustrate an answer.

#### **SECTION A**

1. Write short notes on the following:

	i.	Geographic information systems.	(3marks)
	ii.	Remote sensing.	(3marks)
	iii.	Geographic data.	(3marks)
	iv.	GIS user.	(3marks)
	v.	Map.	(3marks)
2.	. Give three advantages of GIS when compared to traditional maps.		(3marks)
3.	. State three issues likely to constrain the spread of GIS in Kenya.		(3marks)
4.	Explain three areas of GIS application.		(3marks)
5.	. Briefly explain what spatial data is.		(3marks)
6.	5. State any three sources of GIS data.		(3marks)

#### **SECTION B**

- 1. You have been identified by the Ministry of Public Health and Sanitation, as a consultant to put in place a geographic information system to aid most of its operations. Describe on how you will go about the GIS implementation process. (20marks)
- 2. a) Discuss the three main categories of sources of error in GIS. (10mrks)
  - b) Explain reasons for the use of Geographic Information System in the public health sector in Kenya. (10marks)
- 3. a) Describe the basic components of an ideal remote sensing system.b) Explain the contributions of remote sensing to GIS technology.(8marks)
- 4. a) Briefly discuss the fundamental differences between raster and vector GIS data models. (10marks)
  - b. Explain the main task/functions of a Geographic Information System/GIS.

(10marks)