JARAMOGI OGINGA ODINGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS AND ACTUARIAL SCIENCE

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE ACTUARIAL

SPECIAL RESIT 2015/2016 ACADEMIC YEAR

MAIN REGULAR

COURSE CODE: SMA 303

COURSE TITLE: COMPLEX ANALYSIS

EXAM VENUE: **STREAM: (BSc. Actuarial/ Education)**

DATE: 04/05/16 **EXAM SESSION: 2.00 – 4.00 PM**

TIME: 2.00 HOURS

Instructions:

1. **Answer question 1 (Compulsory) and ANY other 2 questions**
2. **Candidates are advised not to write on the question paper.**
3. **Candidates must hand in their answer booklets to the invigilator while in the examination room.**

QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY) – 30 MARKS

a) Define each of the following terms as used in complex analysis
   i) Disk
   ii) Deleted neighbourhood
   iii) Argument
   iv) Limits of a complex function (8 marks)

b) Express $2-2\sqrt{3}i$ in polar form using the principal argument. (2 marks)

c) Evaluate the integral $\oint_c \frac{z}{z^2+16}dz$, where C is the circle $|z-2i|=4$ using the Cauchy's integral formular. (4 marks)

d) Compute the n[th] root for the $\left(2\sqrt{3}+i\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$, hence sketch an appropriate circle indicating the roots w_0 and w_1,. (4 marks)

e) Sketch the set S denoted by the inequality $2 \le |z-3+i| < 3$. (4 marks)

f) Find the image of a line $x = 1$ under the complex mapping $w = z^2$ for $w,z \in \mathbb{C}$, hence sketch the line and its image under the mapping (4 marks)

g) Evaluate the line integral $I = \oint_c \left(x^2dx - 2ydy\right)$ where C comprises the triangle $O(0,0)$, $A(2,1)$ and $C(1,3)$ (4 marks)

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

a) Prove that if a complex function $f(z) = u(x,y) + iv(x,y)$ is analytic at any point z, and in the domain D,then the Laplace's equation $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$, can be verified. (7 marks)

b) Find the derivative of $\frac{z^2-2iz}{2z+4-i}$ (3 marks)

c) Solve for *w*, given the complex function $e^{w} = \sqrt{3} + i$ for $w, \in \mathbb{C}$. (6 marks)

d) Compute the principal value of the complex logarithm $\ln z$ for $z = 1 - i$ (4 marks)

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

a) State De-Moivre's theorem hence use it to evaluate $(1-i)^{6}$, giving your answer in the form $a + bi,\ a, b \in \mathbb{R}$ (7 marks)

b) Find an upper bound for the reciprocal of $z^{4} - 5z + 1$, given that $|z| = 2$. (5 marks)

c) Use the definition of the derivative of a complex function to determine the derivative of $f(z) = \dfrac{1}{z}$ in the region where the derivative exists. (5 marks)

d) Evaluate $\left(\dfrac{2+i}{\sqrt{3}+i}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}$, giving all your answers in polar form. (6 marks)

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

a) Find the value of i^{i} (4 marks)

b) Given that $e^{i\theta} = \cos\theta + i\sin\theta$ for any real number θ, prove that $e^{iz} = \cos z + i\sin z$ for any complex number *z*. (6 marks)

c) Evaluate $\oint \dfrac{1}{z}\,dz$, where C is the circle $x = \cos t,\ x = \sin t$ for $0 \le t \le 2\pi$ (4 marks)

d) State the Cauchy's integral formular for derivatives hence evaluate

$$\oint \frac{z^{2}+3}{z(z-i)^{2}}$$ (6 marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

a) Find the real numbers *p* and *q* for which the complex numbers $z = a + bi$ and $w = a + \frac{1}{b}i$ are equal given that $w, z \in \mathbb{C}$. (3 marks)

b) Show that the function $f(z) = 3x^{2}y^{2} - 6ix^{2}y^{2}$ is not analytic at any point but differentiable along the coordinate axes. (6 marks)

c) Use L'Hopital's rule to compute

$$\lim_{z \to 1+i} \frac{z^{5}+4z}{z^{2}-2z+2}$$ (5 marks)

d) Given the complex function $f(z) = u(x,y) + iv(x,y)$, verify that the function $u(x,y) = 2x - 2xy$, hence find $v(x,y)$ the harmonic conjugate *u*,Hence find the corresponding analytic function $f(z) = u + iv$. (6 marks)