JARAMOGI OGINGA ODINGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY
SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS AND ACTUARIAL SCIENCE
UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE ACTUARIAL $4^{\text {TH }}$ YEAR SPECIAL RESITS - 2016

MAIN REGULAR

COURSE CODE: SMA 100
COURSE TITLE: BASIC MATHEMATICS
EXAM VENUE: LAB 1
STREAM: (BSc. Actuarial)
DATE: 04/05/2016
EXAM SESSION: 9.00-11.00 AM
TIME: 2.00 HOURS
Instructions:

1. Answer question 1 (Compulsory) and ANY other 2 questions
2. Candidates are advised not to write on the question paper.
3. Candidates must hand in their answer booklets to the invigilator while in the examination room.

## QUESTION ONE

a) Find the sum of the following arithmetical progression:

$$
\begin{equation*}
1+3+5+\ldots+101 \tag{4marks}
\end{equation*}
$$

b) Find the exact values of the remaining five trigonometric functions of $\theta$ :

$$
\begin{equation*}
\cos \theta=\frac{-1}{3}, \quad 180^{\circ}<\theta<270^{\circ} \tag{6marks}
\end{equation*}
$$

c) Solve the following equation by factoring:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\frac{5}{x+4}=4+\frac{3}{x-2} \tag{6marks}
\end{equation*}
$$

d) Find the middle term of the expansion of $(2 x+3)^{8}$, and the value of this when $x=\frac{1}{12}$ (5 marks)
e) Given that $z=3+4 i$ and $w=12+5 i$, write down the modulus and argument of $(z w)^{*} \quad$ (5 marks)
f) Solve the following inequality, expressing your answer using set notation:

$$
-3<\frac{2 x-1}{4}<0(5 \text { marks })
$$

## QUESTION TWO

a) The sum of three consecutive terms of an arithmetical progression is 36 . Their product is 1428 . Find the three terms.
b) The fourth, seventh and sixteenth terms of an arithmetical progression are in geometrical progression. If the first six terms of the arithmetical progression have a sum of 12 , find the common difference and the common ration.

## QUESTION THREE

a) Solve the following equation for the values of $\theta$ from $0^{\circ}$ to $360^{\circ}$, inclusive:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\cos \left(2 \theta+30^{\circ}\right)=0.8 \tag{6marks}
\end{equation*}
$$

b) Eliminate $\theta$ from the equations:
$x=\tan \theta, y=\tan 2 \theta$
c) Prove the following identity:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\frac{1-\sin \theta+\cos \theta}{1-\sin \theta}=\frac{1+\sin \theta+\cos \theta}{\cos \theta} \tag{5marks}
\end{equation*}
$$

d) Show that the length $d$ of a chord of a circle of radius $r$ is given by the formula $d=2 r \sin \frac{\theta}{2}$
Where $\theta$ is the central angle formed by the radii to the ends of the chord.

## QUESTION FOUR

a) Exhibit in each case the set that is described by each of the given statements below, assuming that $n$ is a positive integer:
i. $\quad\left\{k \left\lvert\, k=\frac{(-1)^{n}}{n}\right.\right\}$;
ii. $\left\{y \mid 3 y^{2}+2 y+7=0, \quad y, \quad\right.$ a real number $\}$.
(2 marks)
b) Find the sets $A$ and $B$ if $A-B=\{1,5,7,8\}, B-A=\{2,10\}$ and $A \cap B=\{3,6,9\} . \quad$ (5 marks)
c) Draw the Venn diagram for the combination of the sets $A, B$, and $C$ :
$A \cap(B-C)$
d) Prove the following distribution law of set operations:
$A \cap(B \cup C)=(A \cap B) \cup(A \cap C)$

## QUESTION FIVE

a) Solve the following system of equations
$\left\{\begin{aligned} x+y+z+w & =4 \\ 2 x-y+z & =0 \\ 3 x+2 y+z-w & =6 \\ x-2 y-2 z+2 w & =-1\end{aligned}\right.$
Using matrices (row operations). If the system has no solution, say that it is inconsistent.
b) Solve the system of equations

$$
\begin{aligned}
3 x-y+5 z & =-2 \\
-4 x+y+7 z & =10 \\
2 z+4 y-z & =3
\end{aligned}
$$

using Cramer's Rule if it is applicable. If Cramer's Rule is not applicable, say so. (10 marks)

