# Jaramogi Oginga Odinga University of Science and Technology 

# Bachelor of Logistics and Supply Chain Management 

University Examination (main campus)

BBM 3211: FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING

DECEMBER, 2018
TIME: 2 HOURS.

INSTRUCTION
Answer QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY) and any other TWO questions

## QUESTION ONE

a.) Explain the following terms in relation to international Accounting Standard no.7and give examples of each.
i.) Operating activities
ii.) Investing Activities
iii.) Fianancing activities
iv.) Cash and cash equivalents
b. Explain the following terms
i.) Redemption shares
(3 Marks)
ii.) Departmental Accounting
(3 Marks)
iii.) Branch Accounting
(3 Marks)
iv.) Royalty Accounts;
(3 Marks)
v.) Financial ratio analysis

## QUESTION TWO

a. Explain the following terms:

| i.) | At par | (1 Mark) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ii.) | A premium | (1 Mark) |
| iii.) | At discount | (1 Mark) |

A.B. Ltd Company offered 100,000 ordinary shares of $£ 1$ each at par payable as under: $£ 0.35$ on application
$£ 0.35$ on allotment
$£ 0.30$ on first and final call

Applications were received 120,000 shares .On July, 2005, applications for 10,000 shares were rejected and application money was refunded to unsuccessful applicants. Allotment was made on July 10, 2005 and applicants for 20,000 shares were allotted one half of the number for which they had applied, excess application money being used to reduce the amount due on allotment. The first and final call was made on $1^{\text {st }}$ September 2005 and the money due on call made was received on $10^{\text {th }}$ September 2005.

## Required;-

1. Bank account
(5 Marks)
2. Application and Allotment account
(4 Marks)
3. Call account (4 Marks)
4. Ordinary Share Capital account

## QUESTION THREE

$A$ and $B$ who wish to form a partnership and in the absence of a partnership agreement they have sought your advice on the matter. Advise A and B on the main provisions of the law where the partners have not prepared a partnership agreement.

The following balances were extracted from the partnership books of A and B for the year ended31 December, 2004:

|  | A | B |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Shs | Shs |
| Capital Accounts | 800,000 | 600,000 |
| Current Accounts | $160,000(\mathrm{cr})$ | $120,000(\mathrm{dr})$ |
| Drawings | 100,000 | 60,000 |

## Additional information is as below:

1. The net profit for the partnership for the year ended 2004 was Shs $1,520,000$
2. Capital Accounts of The Partners remain fixed during the year.
3. Each partner was entitled to interest at the rate of $10 \%$ of capital.
4. A will receive a monthly salary Shs 30,000 and B will receive a commission of $10 \%$ of the net profit.
5. The balance of the profit is to be shared equally between the partners.

## Required.

Prepare:
i.) Partners Profit and Loss Appropriation Account
(6Marks)
ii.) Partners Current Account

## QUESTION FOUR

The following information was extracted from the books of ABC Ltd.
The Trading and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ December, 2006.

| Sales - cash | 600,000 |
| :---: | :---: |
| -Credit | $1,200,000$ |
| $1,800,000$ |  |

Less Cost of Sales
Opening Stock 420,000
Purchases $\quad \underline{1,320,000}$
Less Closing Stock $\quad \underline{300,000}$

|  |  | $\underline{1,440,000}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Gross |  |  |
| Less Expenses |  |  |
| Depreciation | 26,200 |  |
| Directors Emoluments | 30,000 |  |
| General expenses | 40,000 | $\underline{8,000}$ |

Net profit before tax $\quad \frac{(106,000)}{254,000}$
Less Corporation tax @ 50\% 127,000
Net profit after tax
Less appropriations 127,000
Preference dividends 9,600
Ordinary dividends $\quad \underline{20,000}$
$(29,600)$
Retained Profit
97,400

## ABC Ltd.

## Balance Sheet <br> As at 31 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ December 2006.

| Fixed Assets |  | 427,800 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Current Assets | 300,000 |  |
| Stock | 71,800 |  |
| Debtors | $\underline{40,000}$ |  |
| Others | $\underline{411,800}$ |  |
|  |  |  |
| Current Liabilities | 120,000 |  |
| Creditors | 127,000 |  |
| Provision for corporation tax | $\underline{29,600}$ |  |
| Proposed dividend | $\underline{276,600}$ |  |

Working capital
135,200
563.200

Financed by
Share capital
Ordinary share capital 200,000
Preference share capital $\underline{120,000}$
320,000
Revenue reserves:
Retained profit b/f
65,600
Retained profit c/f
97,400
10\% Loan Finance
163,000
80,000
563.000
Required
a) Compute the following ratios:
i. Current Ratio
(3 Marks)
ii. Acid Test Ratio
(3 Marks)
iii. Gross profit margin
(3 Marks)
iv. Net profit margin
v. Return on capital employed
(3 Marks)
(3 Marks)
b) List FIVE limitations of ratio analysis.

## QUESTION FIVE

The following is an extract of the financial statement of XYZ Ltd. for the years 2009 and 2010.

Balance Sheet as at 30 June


NOTE: Depreciation charge for the year ksh. 6 million, non - current Assets disposed in the year proceeds ksh. 0.3 million, depreciation to date ksh. 0.75 million,cost ksh 0.5 million.

## REQUIRED

Prepare cash flow statement as per IAS 7 for XYZ Ltd. for the year 2010.

# Jaramogi Oginga Odinga University of Science and Technology (MAIN) <br> Bachelor of Logistics and Supply Chain Management <br> BBM 3211: Financial Accounting 

## Instructor: Allan Okwenda Asola

## Course Description:

The general objective of this course is to equip students with thorough knowledge on the Statements of changes of financial position - Cash flow statement; Analysis and Interpretation of Financial Statements - Ratio Analysis Partnership accounts Branch Accounts and Redemption of shares and Debentures.
These will be delivered through lectures, class discussions, assignments and continuous assessment tests (CATs)

## Expected Learning Outcomes

After studied this course, the students will be able to understand:

1. Royalty Accounts;
2. Statements of changes of financial position - Cash flow statement;
3. Analysis and Interpretation of Financial Statements - Ratio Analysis.
4. Accounting for Redemption of Shares and Debenture
5. Departmental and Branch Accounting;
6. Partnership Accounts
7. Conversion of partnerships to Limited Liability Companies;

Royalty accounting,
Royalty accounting,
Cash Flow Statements
Cash Flow Statements \& Full Disclosure and Financial Reporting Ratio Analysis.
Ratio Analysis.
Ratio Analysis.
Accounting for Redemption of Shares and Debenture
Accounting for Redemption of Shares and Debenture
.CAT
Amalgamation and Dissolution of Partnership firms;
The increase and reduction of Share Capital of Limited Companies; Departmental Accounting;
Recognition and measurement of liabilities; stockholder's equity and other investments.
Agency and Branch Accounting;

WEEK
One:
Two:
Three:
Three:
Four:
Five:
Six:
Seven:
Eight:
Nine:
Ten:
Eleven:
Twelve:
Thirteen:
Fourteen:

Teaching Methodology

Lectures, class discussions, and case studies

## Course Assessment

Assignments

| Sit - in - CAT | $15 \%$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Semester Examination |  |  |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |  |

REFERENCE AND TEXTS
A.R. Jennings (1986), Financial Accounting, 3rd Ed., D.P. Publications
N.Saleemi Advance Financial Accounting (Volume 1) Saleemi Publishers
P. C. Tulsian (2006), Financial Accounting, Pearson Education (Singapore) Pte. Ltd
S. P. Jain and K.L. Narang (1979), Principles of Accounting (Vol.1), Kalyani Publishers
S.K.Maheshwari 1991, Advance Accountancy, volume II

Frank Wood (2005) Business Accounting I \& II

## NB: Please Consult the Librarian for more E-Resources

