



**JARAMOGI OGINGA ODINGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY**  
**SCHOOL OF BIOLOGICAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCES**  
**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF EDUCATION**  
**SCIENCE WITH IT**  
**4<sup>th</sup> YEAR 2<sup>nd</sup> SEMESTER 2018/2019 ACADEMIC YEAR**  
**MAIN CAMPUS - REGULAR**

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**COURSE CODE:** SBT 403  
**COURSE TITLE:** PLANT PATHOLOGY  
**EXAM VENUE:** LAB 9                      **STREAM:** (BSC)  
**DATE:** 29/04/2019                      **EXAM SESSION:** 9.00-11.00AM  
**TIME: 2 HOURS**

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**Instructions:**

- 1. Answer ALL questions in Section A and Any two questions in Section B**
  - 2. Candidates are advised not to write on question paper**
  - 3. Candidates must hand in their answer booklets to the invigilator while in the examination room**
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## SECTION A: SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (30 MARKS)

1. Describe the conditions necessary for a plant disease to occur (3 marks)
2. A farmer in your locality consulted you as a plant pathologist to investigate his cabbage crop. Your investigations revealed that the crop is infected with stem swellings along the soil line. Write a report on the possible causative organism, its virulence mechanism and then recommend management options (3 marks)
3. Outline the differences between epidemic and pandemic plant infections (3 marks)
4. Fourth year students undertaking research projects at the university farm encountered greater rates of crop destruction by fungal compared to bacterial pathogens. State three possible reasons for this observation (3 marks)
5. What are the symptoms of maize infection with *Striga hermontheica*? (3 marks)
6. Use examples to explain mesobiotic agents of plant infection (3 marks)
7. Using a plant infective virus of your choice, discuss its transmission mechanisms (3 marks)
8. While on a field study, you encounter bean plant roots that form a tangled mass of galls. Name the possible causative organism for this infection and state four other symptoms you would observe on the roots (3 marks)
9. Name three ways by which parasitic higher plants may be controlled (3 marks)
10. Explain the epidemiology of *Fusarium* wilt of tomatoes (3 marks)

## SECTION B: ESSAY QUESTIONS (40 MARKS)

11. Discuss atleast five factors necessary for a fungal infection to occur in plants (20 marks)
12. Detail methods that may be used to eradicate plant pathogen inocula in a farm. (20 marks)
13. Describe infection traits of parasitic higher plants (20 marks)
14. Discuss methods of sustainable management of plant parasitic nematodes (20 marks)