

# JARAMOGI OGINGA ODINGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY SCHOOL OF BUSINESS & ECONOMICS UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF MASTERS OF BUSINESS

# ADMINISTRATION

# 1<sup>ST</sup>YEAR 1<sup>ST</sup> SEMESTER 2018/2019 ACADEMIC YEAR KISII CAMPUS-PART TIME

**COURSE CODE: MBA 802** 

**COURSE TITLE: MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS** 

EXAM VENUE: STREAM: (MBA)

DATE: 24<sup>TH</sup> APRIL 2019 EXAM SESSION: 2.00 – 5.00PM

TIME: 3.00 HOURS

#### **Instructions:**

- 1. Answer any FOUR questions
- 2. Candidates are advised not to write on the question paper.
- 3. Candidates must hand in their answer booklets to the invigilator while in the examination room.

#### **QUESTION ONE**

a) Discuss the main sources of demand for the product of the firm. (7 Marks)

b) The resources or factors of production are referred to as inputs and are divided into two (Variable and Fixed). Distinguish between the terms and explain the implications in the production process. (8 Marks)

#### **QUESTION TWO**

a) List and explain the two situations under which managers make decisions. (5 Marks)

b) The table below shows the decision alternatives available to an investor who wants to invest Kshs. 10,000 in the stock market.

	One year return on Kshs. 10,000 invested		
<b>Decision Alternative</b>	Bull Market	Bear Market	
Company A stock	5,000	-2,000	
Company <b>B</b> stock	1,500	500	
Probability of occurrence	0.6	0.4	

#### Required:

i) Using the decision tree advise the investor on which stock to invest in in order to maximize his/her returns. (10 Marks)

## **QUESTION THREE**

C) A production process is classified into two periods (Long Run and Short Run). Differentiate between the two and give their implications in regard to the two main factors of production.

(7 Marks)

D) There are normally two methods used in National Income Accounting (Gross National Income and Gross Product). With examples differentiate the two terms. (8 Marks)

## **OUESTION FOUR**

- a) In order to explain the consumer behaviour, the indifference curve theory is used. State and explain the assumptions used. (5 Marks)
- b) In order to stabilize prices in a given economy, governments use three main methods. Name and explain how the three methods work. (10 Marks)

#### **QUESTION FIVE**

a) Explain what you understand by consumer surplus. (7 Marks) b) Differentiate between movement along the demand curve and the shift in the demand curve. Which are the factors that cause each of these movements. (8 Marks)

# **QUESTION SIX**

- a) State and describe the items that a good economic model should contain. (5 Marks)
- b) A manufacturer has the data provided in the figure below:

	Tones of raw materials per ton		Maximum
	Product A	Product B	Available
Raw Material, M1	6	4	24
Raw Material, M2	1	2	6
Profit per ton in Kshs. ('000)	5	4	

i) Formulate a maximization model.

(5 Marks)

**Solution**: Maximization equation: Z = 5a + 4b

Subject to: 
$$6a + 4b \le 24$$
$$a + 2b \le 6$$
$$-a + b \le 1$$
$$b \le 2$$
$$a, b \ge 0$$

ii) State the assumptions that must be take into account in the process of coming up with the model. (5 Marks)