JARAMOGI OGINGA ODINGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS AND ACTUARIAL SCIENCE UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE ACTUARIAL

## SPECIAL RESIT 2 2020/2021 ACADEMIC YEAR

MAIN REGULAR

COURSE CODE: SMA 102

COURSE TITLE: Calculus I
EXAM VENUE:
STREAM: (BSc. Actuarial)

DATE: EXAM SESSION:
TIME: 2.00 HOURS
Instructions:

1. Answer question 1 (Compulsory) and ANY other 2 questions
2. Candidates are advised not to write on the question paper.
3. Candidates must hand in their answer booklets to the invigilator while in the examination room.

## QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY) (30 marks)

a) If $f(x)=-x^{2}+3 x+6$, find $\frac{f(2+\mathrm{a})-\mathrm{f}(2)}{a}$.
(4 marks)
b) Explain the meaning of: $\quad \lim _{x \rightarrow a} f(x)=L$.
c) Find the limit (if it exists)

$$
\begin{equation*}
\lim _{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^{2}-1}{\sqrt{x}-1} \tag{4marks}
\end{equation*}
$$

d) Determine the point of discontinuity (if any) of the function $f(x)$

$$
f(x)=\frac{2 x^{2}-3 x-2}{x-2}
$$

If the discontinuity is removable, define the function to make it continuous.
(4 marks)
e) Find $\frac{d}{d x}\left(3 x^{2}+5\right)$ from first principles.
(4 marks)
f) If $f$ and $g$ are both differentiable, show that $\frac{d}{d x}[f(x)-g(x)]=\frac{d}{d x} f(x)-\frac{d}{d x} g(x)$.
(4 marks)
g) Find $\frac{d y}{d x}$ when $x=1$, given $y=3 e^{4 x}-\frac{5}{2 e^{3 x}}+8 \ln 5 x$. Give the answer correct to 3 significant figures.
h) $v=50 \sin 40 t$ volts represent an alternating voltage where $t$ is the time in seconds. At a time $20 \times 10^{-3}$ seconds, find the rate of change of voltage.

## QUESTION TWO (20 marks)

a) If $y=\frac{2}{\theta^{2}}+2 \ln 2 \theta-2(\cos 5 \theta+3 \sin 2 \theta)-\frac{2}{e^{3 \theta}}$
(i) $\frac{d y}{d \theta}$
(ii) Evaluate $\frac{d y}{d \theta}$ when $\theta=\frac{\pi}{2}$, correct to 4 significant figures.
b) Prove that if $u$ and $v$ are differentiable, then so is their product $u v$, and $\frac{d}{d x}(u v)=u \frac{d v}{d x}+v \frac{d u}{d x}$. (5 marks)
c) Evaluate $\lim _{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4 x^{4}+5}{\left(x^{2}-2\right)\left(2 x^{2}-1\right)}$. Give geometrical interpretation of your solution. (5 marks)
d) For what values of $a$ and $b$ is $f(x)=\left\{\begin{array}{cc}a x+2 b, & x \leq 0 \\ x^{2}+3 a-b, & 0<x \leq 2 \\ 3 x-5, & x>2\end{array}\right.$

Continuous at every $x$ ?

## QUESTION THREE (20 marks)

a) Find $D_{x} f(x)$ given $f(x)=\left(x^{3}+2 x\right) e^{x}$.
b) Using logarithmic differentiation, determine $\frac{d y}{d x}$ given $y=\sqrt[4]{\frac{x^{2}+1}{x^{2}-1}}$.
c) Find $y^{\prime}$ if $x^{y}=y^{x}$.
d) Find the derivative of $y$ with respect to $\theta$ given $y=\frac{1+\sin \theta}{\theta+\cos \theta}$.

## QUESTION FOUR (20 marks)

a) Use implicit differentiation to find an equation of the tangent to the curve at the point give:

$$
\begin{equation*}
x^{2}+x y+y^{2}=3, \quad(1,1) \tag{6marks}
\end{equation*}
$$

b) Find $\frac{d y}{d x}$, given $y=\sin (\tan 2 x)$.
c) If $x=2 t /(t+2), y=3 t /(t+3)$, find $\frac{d y}{d x}$ in terms of $t$.
(4 marks)
d) Show that the differential equation $\frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}-4 \frac{d y}{d x}+4 y=0$ is satisfied when $y=x e^{2 x}$. (5 marks)

## QUESTION FIVE (20 marks) `

a) The parametric equations for a hyperbola are $x=2 \sec \theta, y=4 \tan \theta$. Evaluate $\frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}$, correct to 4 significant figures, when $\theta=1$ radian.
(6 marks)
b) The displacement $s \mathrm{~cm}$ of the end of a stiff string at time $t$ seconds is given by: $s=a e^{-k t} \sin 2 \pi f t$. Determine the velocity and acceleration of the end of the spring after 2 seconds if $a=3, k=0.75$ and $f=20$.
(5 marks)
c) Determine the equation of the normal for the curve $y=2 x^{2}-3 x$ at the point $(1,2)$.
(4 marks)
d) The heat capacity $c$ of a gas varies with absolute temperature as shown: $c=26.50+7.20 \times 10^{-3} \theta-1.20 \times 10^{-6} \theta^{2}$.
Determine the maximum value of $c$ and the temperature at which it occurs.

