



**JARAMOGI ODINGA OGINGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND
TECHNOLOGY**

SCHOOL OF EDUCATION

**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF
EDUCATION ARTS WITH IT**

3RD YEAR 1ST SEMESTER, 2020 ACADEMIC YEAR

MAIN CAMPUS

COURSE CODE: PSY 310

COURSE TITLE: Human Growth & Development

EXAM

STREAM:

DATE:

EXAM SESSION:

TIME: 2.00 HOURS

**(INSTRUCTIONS: Answer THREE questions in total. Question 1 is
COMPULSORY and any other TWO questions.)**

1. 1. a) Define the following terms as used in Growth and Development. (5 marks)

- i) Growth
- ii) Development
- iii) Adolescent
- iv) Infancy
- v) Autonomy

b) Outline the importance establishing an identity for an adolescent in Growth and Development.

(5 marks)

c) Identify and briefly discuss THREE delivery dangers to growth. (6 marks)

d) 'An infant is not able to walk despite being born with legs.' Discuss this statement in relation to human growth and development. (12 marks)

e) Define Attachment theory and its effect on child Growth and Development. (2 marks)

2 (a) Describe FIVE Psychosexual Stages of Freudian theory and the fixations.

(10 marks)

(b) Why is it important for a teacher to understand Human Growth and Development.

(10 marks)

3 (a) Illustrate how Erikson's Psychosocial stages of development correspond with its contrasting behavioural characteristics. (16 marks)

(b) Explain the difference between "Growth" and "Development" (4 marks)

4 (a) Explain at least five (5) factors that influence language Development during infancy period. (5 marks)

(b) Explain five (5) important aspect of physical growth during adolescence period.

(5 marks)

(c) Explain at least five (5) types of birth processes (5 marks)

(d) Explain at least five (5) educational significance of the infancy period. (5 marks)

5 (a) What activities can parents engage in with their children to enhance growth and development during early childhood. (7 marks)

Explain at least five (5) characteristics of physical changes during adulthood.

(5 marks)

(b) Explain at least eight (8) items that characterize old age. (8 marks)