



JARAMOGI OGINGA ODINGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS AND ACTUARIAL SCIENCE UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE ACTUARIAL 4TH YEAR 1ST SEMESTER 2015/2016 ACADEMIC YEAR

MAIN CAMPUS - RESIT

COURSE CODE: SMA 405

COURSE TITLE PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION 1

EXAM VENUE: LAB 1

STREAM: (BSc. Actuarial/BED)

DATE: 04/5/16

EXAM SESSION: 2.00 – 4.00 PM

TIME: 2.00 HOURS

Instructions:

- 1. Answer question 1 (Compulsory) and ANY other 2 questions
- 2. Candidates are advised not to write on the question paper.
- 3. Candidates must hand in their answer booklets to the invigilator while in the examination room.

Show all the necessary working

Question 1[30 marks] Compulsory

(a) Given the partial differential equation

(i)
$$x\frac{\partial F}{\partial x} - y\frac{\partial F}{\partial y} = 3xy^2$$
 (ii) $x^2\frac{\partial^2 F}{\partial x^2} - y^2\frac{\partial^2 F}{\partial y^2} + x\frac{\partial F}{\partial x} - y\frac{\partial F}{\partial x}\frac{\partial F}{\partial y} = 0$

(iii)
$$x^2 \frac{\partial^3 F}{\partial x^3} - y^2 \left(\frac{\partial^2 F}{\partial y^2}\right)^4 + x \frac{\partial F}{\partial x} - y \frac{\partial F}{\partial y} = 0$$

State in each case, the order, degree and whether linear or nonlinear. [9marks]

(b) Consider the second order linear partial differential equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + 2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} + x \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0,$$

(i) Classify the partial differential equation

(ii) Obtain the characteristic equation of the partial differential equation

(i) Solve the partial differential equation.

[10 marks]

(c) Consider the second order linear partial differential equation

$$a\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + b\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} + c\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} + d\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + e\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + fu + g = 0, \quad : u(x, y)$$

where *a*, *b*, *c*, *d*, *e*, *f*, *g* are in general variable coefficients which may depend on real *x* or *y* with u(x, y) as the dependent variable. Use discriminant $\Delta(a, b, c)$ theory to categorize; elliptic, parabolic and hyperbolic partial differential equations ;

(i)
$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + 4 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 1$$
 (ii) $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = t^6 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ (iii) $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + 3 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$ (iv) $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} - \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = 0$. [10 marks]

(d) Solve the first order partial differential equation $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}z - \frac{\partial z}{\partial y}z = z^2 + (x+y)^2$ [5marks]

(e) Determine the function z(x, y) which satisfies the linear second order partial differential

equation
$$(D^2 + DD' - 6D'^2)z = 0$$
 [6marks]

Question 2 [20marks]

Given the function $F(x, y, z) = 8x^2 + 24y^2 + 16z^2 + 24x + 16z + 1111$,

(i) Find
$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial x}$$
, $\frac{\partial F}{\partial y}$, [4 marks]

(ii) Find
$$\frac{\partial^2 F}{\partial x^2}$$
, $\frac{\partial^2 F}{\partial y^2}$ and $\frac{\partial^2 F}{\partial x \partial y}$ [5marks]

(iii) Determine and distinguish all the stationary points of *F* [11 marks]

Question 3[20marks]

(a) Eliminate the arbitrary functions f, g from the equation

$$u = f(x+y) + g(x-y) + \frac{1}{4}x(x-y)^{2}$$
 [6marks]

(b) Solve the linear second order partial differential equations

(ii)
$$(4D^2 - 12DD' + 9D'^2)z = 0$$
 [6marks]

(iii)
$$(D^3 - 3D^2D' - 4D'^3)u = e^{8x+2y}$$
 [8marks]

Question 4 [20marks]

(a) Use characteristic method to solve the linear partial differential equation $u_x + u_y + u = 1$, subject to the initial condition $u = \sin x$, on $y = x + x^2$, x > 0.[14 marks](b) Eliminate the arbitrary functions f, g from the equation

$$u = f(x-at+by) + g(x-at-by)$$
 [6 marks]

Question 5[20marks]

Solve the initial boundary value heat equation

 $u_t = u_{xx}$, 0 < x < 1, t > 0satisfying the conditions $u(0,t) = 100, u(1,t) = 100 \quad 0 < x < 1, t > 0$ $u(x,0) = 1 + \sin \pi x, \quad 0 < x < 1$

[20 marks]