



**JARAMOGI OGINGA ODINGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY
SCHOOL OF HEALTH SCIENCES**

**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR THE CERTIFICATE IN COMMUNITY
HEALTH AND DEVELOPMENT**

**1stYEAR 2nd SEMESTER 2017/2018 ACADEMIC YEAR
KISUMU CAMPUS**

COURSE CODE:	HCD 1123
COURSE TITLE: ANTHROPOLOGY	INTR. MEDICAL SOCIOLOGY AND
EXAM VENUE:	STREAM: Cert. Comm. Health & Dev
DATE:	EXAM SESSION
TIME: 1.30 HOURS	

Instructions:

- 1. Answer all questions in Section A and any other 2 questions in Section B**
- 2. Candidates are advised not to write on the question paper**
- 3. Candidates must hand in their answer booklets to the invigilator while in the examination room**

Section A

Answer ALL QUESTIONS in this section. (30Mks)

1. List three ways in which the functions of education and the family similar. (3mks)
2. Define the following terms as used in sociology and anthropology
 - a. Ethnicity
 - b. Race
 - c. Social stratification (3mks)
3. State four of the cultural traditions and beliefs that are associated with illnesses and diseases. (3mks)
4. List and briefly explain three theories in Medical Sociology that are relevant to our understanding of Illness and health behaviour. (3mks)
5. How is illness, sickness and diseases defined in medical and African traditional perspectives?
6. Appreciate the influence of politics on healthcare. Give at least three. (3mks)
7. State three ways in which culture affect health. (3mks)
8. List six factors that affect the health seeking behaviour of an individual. (3mks)
9. Define culture and briefly explain its elements. (3mks)
10. Highlight three major concerns of medical sociology. (3mks)

SECTION B.

Answer Any TWO Questions. Each Question is 20 Mks.

- 1 Institutions fulfill functions necessary for the society to survive. In today's technologically oriented society, what would happen if there were no medical institutions? What would be the results for people seeking treatment, for the economy, and for families? (20mks)
- 2 Discuss role of medical anthropologists in control/prevention of diseases like HIV/AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria. (20mks)
- 3 Discuss factors that are crucial to the utilization of health services in Kenya. (20mks)