



**JARAMOGI OGINGA ODINGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY**

**SCHOOL OF BUSINESS AND ECONOMICS**

**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR THE DIPLOMA IN BUSINESS  
ADMINISTRATION**

**SECOND YEAR, FIRST SEMESTER 2019/2020 ACADEMIC YEAR**

**MAIN CAMPUS**

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**COURSE CODE: BBM2216**

**COURSE TITLE: STATISTICS AND QUANTITATIVE METHODS IN BUSINESS**

**DATE: 24/11/20**

**EXAM SESSION: 3-6 PM**

**TIME: 2 HOURS**

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**Instructions**

- 1. Answer Question One (compulsory) and any other 2 questions**
- 2. Show all your the calculations.**
- 3. 2. Candidates are advised to write on the text editor provided, or to write on a foolscap, scan and upload alongside the question**
- 4. 3. Candidates must ensure they submit their work by clicking "finish and submit attempt" button at the end.**

## QUESTION ONE

- a) State three assumptions of a binomial probability distribution 3marks
- b) Highlight three probability sampling methods 6marks
- c) Describe the steps involved in hypothesis testing 6 marks
- d) Distinguish the following terms as used in sampling and estimation techniques
  - i. Type I and type ii error 2marks
  - ii. Population mean and arithmetic mean 2Marks
  - iii. Discrete random variable and continuous 2marks
- e) The following set of data represent the time taken by cars in a given parking bay in minutes

24, 26, 28, 32, 27, 5, 1, 18, 7, 9, 11, 15, 13, 14, 18, 29, 31, 32, 6, 4, 2, 9, 18, 27, 30

### Required

- i) Calculate average mean of the distribution in minutes (3marks)
- ii) Evaluate median of the distribution 2marks
- iii) The modal parking time 1mark
- iv) The range of the of the distribution 1mark
- v) The coefficient of variation of the distribution 2marks

## QUESTION TWO

- a. Explain the following terms as used in hypothesis testing
  - i. Level of significance (1mark)
  - ii. Region of rejection (1mark)
- b. Explain three factors that determine the size of Pearson's product coefficient of determination (6 marks)
- c. The following data were obtained from the records of a certain company relating to the year 2020

Month	Total overhead cost –y (sh)	direct labour hours –x (sh)
January	14,250	856
February	13,000	536
March	13,000	640
April	12,500	600

May	13,250	680
June	13,750	808

**Required:**

- i. The least squares regression function relating the direct labour hours to the total overhead cost (7 marks)
- ii. The coefficient of determination (4marks)
- iii. Comment on the results on c(ii) (1mark)

**QUESTION THREE**

- a) The frequency distribution table for the marks scored by 80 students in a statistics examination is as presented in the table below

Marks	Number of students
0-9	5
10-19	9
20-29	14
30-39	10
40-49	13
50-59	12
60-69	7
70-79	5
80-89	3
90-99	2

**Required:**

- i. Calculate the mean mark of the class using an assumed mean of 50 marks (3marks)
  - ii. Find the interquartile deviation of the distribution 3marks
  - iii. The median of the distribution 2marks
  - iv. The standard deviation of the distribution 3marks
- b) Highlight two differences between descriptive statistics and inferential statistics (4 marks)
- c) Explain the following terms as used in statistics
- i. An ogive curve 1mark
  - ii. Population 1mark
  - iii. Sample 1 mark
  - iv. Statistics 1 mark
  - v. Skewness 1 mark

#### QUESTION FOUR

- a) Explain the following terms as used in probability:
- Addition law of probability (2marks)
  - Multiplication law of probability (2marks)
  - Mutually exclusive events (1mark)
  - Sample space (1mark)
- b) Nairobi residents were surveyed to determine the readership of newspapers available. 50% of the residents read the newsera newspaper. 60% of the residents read standard newspaper. 20% of the residents read both newspapers

#### Required

The probability that a resident selected at random reads either newsera or standard newspaper or both (3marks)

- c) Six consultants work for xyz ltd a consultant has a 20% chance of being absent from work in a given day. The company needs to establish the probability of more than two consultants being absent from work

#### Required

Compute the above probability of absence assuming a binomial distribution (4 marks)

- d) The following distribution represents weekly earnings of different employees in a hotel establishment

Income sh	4000-4200	4200-4400	4400-4600	4600-4800	4800-5000	5000-5200
Employees	14	22	44	50	40	30

#### Required

- Frequency polygon (5mark)
- From your frequency polygon above obtained from c(i) above estimate the mode (1mark)

#### QUESTION FIVE

- a) Outline three differences between regression and correlation analysis (3 marks)
- b) In the context of time series analysis, describe three differences between additive and multiplicative models (6 marks)

c)Uniway Ltd uses three machines in its production department. Machine X produces 3% defective items , Machine Y produces 5% defective items and machine Z produces 10% defective itemsof the total output

From the three machines, 60% of the items are produced by machine X, 30% by machine Y and 10% by machine Z. one item is selected at random from a day's production

**Required:**

- i) A probability tree diagram showing the joint probabilities from the machines (6marks)
- ii) The probability that the item is defective ( 2 marks)
- iii) The probability that the item was produced by machine X or machine Z given the item is defective (3marks)