



**JARAMOGI OGINGA ODINGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND  
TECHNOLOGY**

**SCHOOL OF AGRICULTURAL AND FOOD SCIENCES**

**SECOND YEAR SECOND SEMESTER UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION  
FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN AGRICULTURAL  
EDUCATION AND EXTENSION**

**2022/2023 ACADEMIC YEAR**

**REGULAR**

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**COURSE CODE: AEE 3203**

**COURSE TITLE: RURAL SOCIOLOGY AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT**

**EXAM VENUE:**

**STREAM: BSc. Agriculture Education and  
Extension**

**DATE:**

**EXAM SESSION:**

**TIME: 2 HOURS**

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**Instructions:**

- 1. Answer ALL questions in section A and ANY other 2 Questions in section B.**
- 2. Candidates are advised not to write on question paper.**
- 3. Candidates must hand in their answer booklets to the invigilator while in the examination room.**

**SECTION A [30 MARKS]**

**Answer ALL questions from this Section**

1. Rural Sociology studies the whole structure and functions of rural social organisations and institutions. Man is a social animal. He does not live in isolation. His daily life is made up largely of participating in groups.
  - i. State **FOUR** Characteristics of a group life (4 Marks)
  - ii. Describe the following classification of social groups
    - a. According to the degree of organisation (2 Marks)
    - b. According to the nature of membership (2 Marks)
    - c. According to the nature of interaction (2 Marks)
2. Religion is a system of beliefs and symbolic practices and objects governed by faith rather than by knowledge.
  - i. With relevant **FIVE** examples describe the social roles of religion. (5 Marks)
  - ii. Briefly discuss **FIVE** demerits of religion in the modern society. (5 Marks)
3.
  - i. Differentiate between class and cast. (4 Marks)
  - ii. Briefly explain **SIX** characteristics of the Indian Caste System. (6 Marks)

**SECTION B [40 MARKS]**

**Answer ANY TWO questions from this Section.**

4. Social change is defined as alterations in the social structure, or in particular social institutions, or in the relationship between institutions.
  - i) Differentiate between Exogenous and Endogenous origin of change. (4 Marks)
  - ii) Describe the **THREE** sources of social change. (6 Marks)
  - iii) Discuss **FIVE** Social and cultural barriers to agricultural change. (10 Marks)
5. Rural sociology studies rural social interaction mainly conjunctive such as co-operation and disjunctive processes such as competition and conflicts.
  - i) Describe **FOUR** principles types of cooperation. (8 Marks)
  - ii) Discuss **FOUR** characteristics of competition. (8 Marks)
  - iii) Differentiate between accommodation and assimilation (4 Marks)

6. Culture includes all the material and non-material traits in our environment which are man-made or modified by man and transmitted from one generation to another by the process of learning.

i. Discuss **SIX** important aspects of culture to a man in a society. (12 Marks)

ii. Differentiate between the following terms as used in sociology.

a) Cultural Relativism and Cultural Ethnocentrism (4 Marks)

b) Mores and folkways (4 Marks)