



**JARAMOGI OGINGA ODINGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND
TECHNOLOGY
SCHOOL OF BIOLOGICAL PHYSICAL MATHEMATICS AND ACTUARIAL
SCIENCE (SBPMAS)**

**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF
EDUCATION SCIENCE/ARTS/SPECIAL EDUCATION
3RD YEAR 2ND SEMESTER 2023/2024 ACADEMIC YEAR**

MAIN CAMPUS

COURSE CODE: WMB 9302

COURSE TITLE: COMPLEX ANALYSIS

EXAM VENUE:

STREAM: BED SCIENCE Y3S2

DATE:

EXAM SESSION:

TIME: 2.00 HOURS

Instructions:

- 1. Answer question one (compulsory) and any other two questions.**
- 2. Candidates are advised not to write on the question paper.**
- 3. Candidates must hand in their answer booklets to the invigilator while in the examination room.**

QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY) – 30 MARKS

- a) Define each of the following terms as used in complex analysis
 - i) A circle
 - ii) Deleted neighbourhood (4 marks)
- b) Write $\frac{i}{\sqrt{3}+i}$ in exponential form using the principal argument (6 marks)
- c) Determine the value of $f(z) = z\bar{z}^2$ at the point $1+i$ giving your answer in the form $a+bi$ (4 marks)
- d) Sketch the disk represented by $0 < |Z - 1 + 2i| \leq 2$ hence
 - i) State the deleted neighbourhood (4 marks)
 - ii) State any two boundary points (2 mark)

iii) State any two points in the neighbourhood of the disk (2 mark)

e) Describe all the transformations represented by a complex mapping

$$f(z) = (1+i)z - 3 - 2i \quad (4 \text{ marks})$$

f) Show that the function $f(x) = 3x^2y^2 - 6ix^2y^2$ is not analytic at any point but differentiable only along the coordinate axes (4 marks)

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

a) Find the value of $(1 - \sqrt{3}i)^i$ (5 marks)

b) Given two complex numbers $z_1 = 3\left(\cos\frac{3\pi}{4} + i\sin\frac{3\pi}{4}\right)$ and

$$z_2 = 2\left(\cos\left(-\frac{\pi}{4}\right) + i\sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{4}\right)\right) \text{ determine}$$

i) $\bar{z}_1\bar{z}_2$. ii) $\frac{z_1}{z_2}$ (5 marks)

c) Solve the complex quadratic equation $z^2 - (1+i)z + 6 - 17i = 0$ (5 marks)

d) Find the image of a line $y = -2$ under the complex mapping $w = z^2$ for $w, z \in \mathbb{C}$, hence sketch the line and its image under the mapping (5 marks)

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

a) Determine the expression for the n^{th} root of -1 hence determine $(-1)^{\frac{1}{4}}$ and sketch an appropriate circle indicating the roots w_0, w_1, w_2 and w_3 (5 marks)

b) Use L'Hopital's rule to compute

$$\lim_{z \rightarrow 1 + \sqrt{3}i} \frac{z^2 - 2z + 4}{z - 1 - \sqrt{3}i} \quad (5 \text{ marks})$$

c) Given the complex function $f(z) = u(x, y) + iv(x, y)$, verify that the function $u(x, y) = x^2 - y^2$ is harmonic hence find $v(x, y)$ the harmonic conjugate u , Hence find the corresponding analytic function $f(z) = u + iv$, such that

$$f(1+i) = 3 - 2i \quad (6 \text{ marks})$$

d) Compute the principal value of the complex logarithm $\ln z$ for $z = \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}i$ (4 marks)

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

- a) Use De-Moivre's theorem to evaluate $(1 - \sqrt{3}i)^4$, giving your answer in the form $a + bi$, $a, b \in \mathbf{R}$ (5 marks)
- b) Evaluate the line integral $I = \oint_C (x^2 dx - y dy)$ where C comprises the triangle $O(1,0)$, $A(1,1)$ and $C(0,0)$ (5 marks)
- c) Show that the function $f(z) = \frac{z^2 + 1}{z + i}$, is discontinuous at the point $z_0 = -i$ (5 marks)
- d) Use the definition of the derivative of a complex function to determine the derivative of $f(z) = 4z^2 + z$ in the region where the derivative exists. (5 marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

- a) Prove that if a complex function $f(z) = u(x, y) + iv(x, y)$ is analytic at any point z , and in the domain D , then the Laplace's equation $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$, can be verified. (6 marks)
- b) Find the derivative of $(z^2 - (2+i)z)^2$ (4 marks)
- c) Solve for w , given the complex function $e^w = 4 + i$ for $w, \in \mathbf{C}$. (6 marks)
- d) Evaluate the integral $\oint_C \frac{z}{z^2 + 16} dz$, where C is the circle $|z - 2i| = 4$ using the Cauchy's integral formula. (4 marks)