



**JARAMOGI OGINGA ODINGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY**  
**SCHOOL OF BUSINESS & ECONOMICS**  
**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF BUSINESS**  
**ADMINISTRATION WITH IT**  
**2<sup>ND</sup> YEAR 2<sup>ND</sup> SEMESTER 2015/2016 ACADEMIC YEAR**  
**KISII CAMPUS-PART TIME**

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**COURSE CODE: AEC 205**

**COURSE TITLE: INTERMEDIATE MACRO ECONOMICS**

**EXAM VENUE: LR 17**

**STREAM: (BBA )**

**DATE: 15/12/16**

**EXAM SESSION: 9.00 – 11.00 AM**

**TIME: 2 HOURS**

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**Instructions:**

- 1. Answer Question ONE (COMPULSORY) and ANY other 2 questions**
- 2. Candidates are advised not to write on the question paper.**
- 3. Candidates must hand in their answer booklets to the invigilator while in the examination room.**

**Question one.**

- a.) Briefly explain the distinction between macro and micro economics .(8mks)
- b.) Given the following information about an hypothetical economy

$C=120+0.9y_d$  (consumption function).

$I=20$  (Investment)

$G=20$  (Government expenditure)

$T=0$  (Tax)

$X=40$  (Export)

$M=20 + 0.5 y$  (Import function)

$Y_d$  is disposable income

**Calculate**

- i. The income equilibrium level (4mks)
  - ii. The import function (4mks)
  - iii. The position of trade (2mks)
- c.) Distinguish the following terms
- i. Autonomous and induced consumption (3mks)
  - ii. Balance of trade balance of payment (3mks)
  - iii. Frictional and structural unemployment (3mks)
  - iv. Gross national product(G.D.P)and Net national product (N.N.P) (3mks)

**Question two**

- a.) Define macro-economics and briefly explain any four of its importance in modern times (8mks)
- b.) Define consumption function and explain the factors influencing consumption function (10mks)

**Question three**

- a.) Given the following information
  - $I = 600$  (autonomous investment)
  - $C = 200 + 0.8Y$  (consumption function) (4mks)

**Calculate:**

The income equilibrium level (4mks)

- b.) Explain the theory of demand as given by Keynes theory of demand for money (6mks)
- c.) "Every supply create its own demand"

Explain and show how the classical economist justified the statement. (mks10)

**Question four**

- a.) Define inflation and explain how effective the monetary policies help in compacting inflation in developing countries. (10mks)
- b.) What do you understand by Keynesian principle of effective demand? With a help of a diagram illustrate and explain how full employment equilibrium is attained according to Keynes. (10mks)

**Question five**

- a.) Assume that the following information is given from a closed economy with only two sectors i.e. the money market and the commodity market.

$$C = 204 + 0.7y \text{ (consumption function)}$$

$$I = 300 - 200i \text{ (Investment)}$$

$$MS = 600 \text{ (Money supply)}$$

$$MT = 0.54 \text{ (transactional and precautionary demand for money)}$$

$$MDS = 248 - 400i \text{ (speculative demand for money)}$$

- i. Derive the equation for the IS and LM Curves, the interest rates and national income that clears both markets. (10mks)
- b.) Define unemployment and explain the major causes of unemployment in developing countries. (10mks)