# JARAMOGI OGINGA ODINGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY SCHOOL OF BIOLOGICAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCES 

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN: BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENTAND

RENEWABLE ENERGY
2018/2019 EXAMINATION
MAIN REGULAR

COURSE CODE: SPH 3111
COURSE TITLE: PHYSICS 1

DATE:
EXAM SESSION:
TIME: 2:00HRS

## Instructions:

1. Answer question 1 (Compulsory) in Section $A$ and ANY other 2 questions in Section B.
2. Candidates are advised not to write on the question paper.
3. Candidates must hand in their answer booklets to the invigilator while in the examination room.
4. Take $h=6.63 \times 10^{-31} j s, m_{e}=9.11$,Specific heat capacity of water is $42000 \mathrm{Jkg}^{-1} \mathrm{~K}^{-1}$

## QUESTION ONE

a) Define the following terms
i. Impulse
ii. Viscosity
iii. Elastic limit
iv. Thermal equilibrium
(4 marks)
b) A particle moves in one dimension. Its position of a function of time is given in SI units by $X_{(t)}=2 t^{4}-5 t^{2}+18$. What is the average velocity between 2 seconds and 4 seconds?
c) Find the cross product of the two vectors

$$
\begin{align*}
& \vec{A}=2 i+3 j+k \\
& \vec{B}=-4 i+2 j-k \tag{4marks}
\end{align*}
$$

d) State the three conservation principles considered when deriving equations of ideal fluids
(3 marks)
e) A car travelling at $22.4 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ skids to stop in 2.5 s . Determine the skidding distance of the car (assume uniform acceleration)
(3 marks)
f) State the first law of thermodynamics
(1 mark)
g) State three factors affecting photoelectric effect
(3 marks)
h) Two pipes, each of diameters d, converge to form a pipe of diameter D. What should be the relation between $d$ and $D$ such that the low velocity in the third pipe becomes half of that in each of the two pipes?
(3 marks)
i) A block of iron of mass 1.25 kg at $120^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ was transferred to a aluminum calorimeter of mass 0.3 kg at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The block and the calorimeter with its contents eventually reached a common temperature of $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Given the ;specific heat capacity of iron as $450 \mathrm{JKg}^{-1} \mathrm{~K}^{-1}$ and that of aluminum as $900 \mathrm{Jgg}^{-1} \mathrm{~K}^{-1}$, calculate the specific heat capacity of the liquid.

## QUESTION TWO

a) (i) Derive the rectilinear equations using calculus
(6 marks)
(ii) A mass of 1.5 kg move in a circular path with a constant speed of $3 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$ on a horizontal frictionless surface. The mass is held to the circular path by a light card 2.4 m long that has one end fixed and the other end attached to the mass. Calculate the tension in the card

## (4 marks)

(b) (i) Define the term surface tension
(2 marks)
(ii) Discuss two types of elasticity stating their applications
(4 marks)
(ii) List two factors affecting elasticity
(4 marks)

## QUESTION THREE

a) Discuss three modes of heat transfer
(6 marks)
b) Find the final temperature if a heater source rated 42 W heats 50 g of water from $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in five minutes.
(8 marks)
c) (i)An engineer is designing the runway of a airport, the lowest acceleration rate is likely to be $3 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ the take off speed for this plane will be $65 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. assuming this minimum acceleration, what is the minimum allowed length for the runway?
(3 marks)
(ii) The observation deck of tall skyscraper 370m above the street. Determine the time required for the penny to free fall from the deck to the street below?

## QUESTION FOUR

a) Vectors $\vec{a}$ and $\vec{b}$ are given as follows

$$
\overrightarrow{\mathbf{a}}=(4,6,8) \quad \text { and } \quad \overrightarrow{\mathbf{b}}=(6,8,10)
$$

i. Find $\overrightarrow{\mathbf{a}} \times \overrightarrow{\mathbf{b}}$
(6 marks)
ii. Find the angle between them
(5 marks)
b) Considering a vertical projection, derive the equation for;
i. Time taken by a body to reach maximum height
ii. Time of flight
iii. Maximum height reached

## QUESTION FIVE

a)
(i) State three factors affecting sound velocity
(ii) Sound from source A has twice the frequency of sound from Source B. Compare the wavelengths of sound from the two sources
b) (i) Derive Stoke's equation defining the terms
(ii) Two pipes of diameters d1 and d2 converge to form a pipe of diameter 2d. If the liquid flows with a velocity of v 1 and v 2 in the two pipes, what will be the flow velocity in the third pipe?
c) Discuss three applications of ultrasonic sound

