JARAMOGI OGINGA ODINGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY
SCHOOL OF BUSINESS \& ECONOMICS
UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OFBACHELORS OF BUSINESS
ADMINISTRATION WITH IT
$1^{15 T}$ YEAR $1^{\text {ST }}$ SEMESTER 2018/2019 ACADEMIC YEAR
KISII CAMPUS-PART TIME

COURSE CODE: ABA 402
COURSE TITLE: QUANTITATIVE METHODS IN BUSINESS II
EXAM VENUE: STREAM: (BBA)
DATE: EXAM SESSION:
TIME:2 HOURS

## Instructions:

1. Answer QUESTION ONE and any other TWO questions
2. Candidates are advised not to write on the question paper.
3. Candidates must hand in their answer booklets to the invigilator while in the examination room.

## QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY 30 MARKS)

(a) Differentiate between the following terms
i. Product and slack variables
(2marks)
ii. Balanced and unbalanced assignment problems
(2marks)
(b)A firm of wholesale of office equipment suppliers, with three warehouses, received orders for a total of 100 computers from 4 retail shops. In total, in the 3 warehouses there are 110 computers and the management wish to minimise transport costs by despatching the computers required from appropriate warehouses. Details of availabilities, requirements and transportation costs are given in the table below;

|  |  | Required |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Computers | Shop A | Shop B | Shop C | Shop D Total |  |
| Available | Warehouse I | 40 | $\$ 3$ | 16 | 42 | 8 | 100 |
|  | Warehouse II | 20 | $\$ 1$ | 9 | 9 | 2 |  |
|  | Warehouse III | 50 | $\$ 4$ | 5 | 3 | 8 | Transport cost |
|  | Total | 110 |  |  | 2 | 5 | per computer |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

It is required to make the most economic deliveries. Make up the initial tableau and make the initial feasible deliveries. (5marks)
(a) (i). Outline the characteristics of a queuing model
(3marks)
(ii). A health center has a single doctor taking care of patients arriving from a rural community. It is established that patients' mean arrival rate (1) is one patient every 4 minutes and the mean service time (m) is $2 \frac{1}{2}$ minutes.

## Required

i. Calculate the average number of patients in the queuing system
ii. the average queue length
iii. the time taken by a patient in the system
iv. the average time a patient waits before being served.
(c) Outline the main applications of assignment problems in business
(5 marks)
(d) Consider the multiple regression model $y_{i}=4.987+2.542 X_{i 1}-0.912 X_{i 2}$

## Required:

i. How many variables are in the model
(1mark)
ii. Interpret the relationship between $y_{i}, x_{i 1}$ and $x_{i 2}$
iii. Use the model to predict $y_{i}$ when $x_{1}=80$ and $x_{2}=12.5$

## QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

(a) Unique Furniture manufactures chairs and Desks. If $X_{1}=$ no. of Chairs and $X_{2}=$ no. of Desks manufactured by the company, you are required to:
Maximize Profit, $P=45 \mathrm{X}_{1}+80 \mathrm{X}_{2}$,
Subject to: $\quad 5 \mathrm{X}_{1}+20 \mathrm{X}_{2} \leq 400 ; \ldots . .$. . Timber
$10 X_{1}+15 X_{2} \leq 450 ; \ldots \ldots . .$. . Labour hours
$X_{1}, X_{2} \geq 0$.

## Required:

(i)Formulate relevant simplex problem
(ii)Solve the simplex formulation up to two tableau
(iii)Assume there was 25 extra feet of timber, do a sensitivity analysis to determine the effect on the solution.
( 2 marks)
(b) Trucks at a single platform weigh-bridge arrive according to Poisson probability distribution. The time required to weigh the truck follows an exponential probability distribution. The mean arrival rate is 12 trucks per day, and the mean service rate is 18 trucks per day.

## Required:

i. the probability that no trucks are in the system
(2marks)
ii. the average number of trucks waiting for service
(2marks)
iii. the average time a truck waits for weighing service to begin
(2marks)
iv. the probability that an arriving truck will have to wait for service
(2marks)

## QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

The cost of transportation per unit from three sources and four destinations are given in the table below.

| SOURCE | DESTINATIONS |  |  |  | SUPLY |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |
| 1 | 4 | 2 | 7 | 3 | 250 |
| 2 | 3 | 7 | 5 | 8 | 450 |
| 3 | 9 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 500 |
| DEMAND | 200 | 400 | 300 | 300 | 1200 |

## Required:

a. develop a linear programming model for the transportation model
(5marks)
b. with reasons, state whether the transportation model is balanced or unbalanced ( 2 marks)
c. solve the transportation problem using the Least Cost Method to determine the initial basic feasible solutions
(11 marks)
d. determine the transportation cost
(3marks)

## QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

a. (i). Explain the advantages of simulation
(4marks)
(ii). what is Monte Carlo Simulation
(iii). Outline the procedure for Monte Carlo Simulation
b. A company has four machines that are used for four jobs. Each job can be assigned to one and only one machine. The cost of each job on each machine is given in the following Table

|  |  | MACHINES |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
|  | JOB | 20 | 38 | 19 | 13 |
|  | B | 15 | 30 | 31 | 28 |
|  | C | 40 | 21 | 20 | 17 |
|  | D | 21 | 28 | 26 | 12 |

Required
i. the optimal assignment of jobs
(8marks)
ii. the cost that will be involved.

## QUESTION FIVE (20MARKS)

The Managing Director is concerned about the persistent fluctuations in efficiency depicted by machine hours and production costs. In respect of production costs, it is desired to estimate an equation of the form $y=a+b x$, where $y$ is the units produced at an activity level $x$, $a$ is the fixed expense and $b$ is the rate of variable cost.
The following data relates to the year ending 30 June 2015:

| Month | Machine <br> hours | Maintenance <br> cost (Shs000) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| January | 26 | 500 |
| February | 26 | 500 |
| March | 31 | 530 |
| April | 35 | 550 |
| May | 43 | 580 |
| June | 48 | 680 |
| July | 34 | 640 |
| August | 30 | 620 |
| September | 34 | 620 |
| October | 39 | 590 |
| November | 42 | 500 |
| December | 32 | 530 |

(a)Using Regression analysis determine
(i)Variable cost per unit
(4marks)
(ii)Fixed cost
(iii) a cost function that uses units produced to predict production costs
(b) In January and February 2016, the company plans to allocate 51 and 55 machine hours. Calculate the forecasted production costs.
(3marks)
(c)Calculate the correlation coefficient and comment on the nature and strength of the relationship between machine hours and production costs

