

# JARAMOGI OGINGA ODINGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY SCHOOL OF HEALTH SCIENCES

# UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR THE CERTIFICATE IN COMMUNITY HEALTH AND DEVELOPMENT 1<sup>st</sup>YEAR 2<sup>nd</sup> SEMESTER 2018/2019 ACADEMIC YEAR KISUMU CAMPUS

COURSE CODE: HCD 1123

**COURSE TITLE: Intr. Medical sociology and anthropology** 

EXAM VENUE: STREAM: Cert. Comm. Health & Dev

DATE: 13/08/19 EXAM SESSION 9.00 – 10.30am

**TIME: 1.30 HOURS** 

#### **Instructions:**

1. Answer all questions in Section A and any other 2 questions in Section B

2. Candidates are advised not to write on the question paper

3. Candidates must hand in their answer booklets to the invigilator while in the examination room

### **SECTION A**

## Answer ALL QUESTIONS in this section. (30Mks)

- 1 List three factors that are crucial to the utilization of health services in Kenya. (3mks)
- 2. Highlight three roles of social institutions. (3mks)
- 3. Define the following terms as used in medical sociology and anthropology
  - a. Disease
  - b. Illness
  - c. Sickness (3mks)
- 4. State six ways through which culture is associated with illnesses and diseases (3mks)
- 5. List at least three main goals of a positive doctor-patient relationship. (3mks)
- 6. List and briefly explain three theories in Medical Sociology that are relevant to our understanding of Illness and health behaviour. (3mks)
- Highlight three causes of illness in the naturalistic medical system and three in the personalistic medical system.
   (3mks)
- 8. Appreciate the influence of politics on healthcare. Give at least three. (3mks)
- 9. Define society and briefly explain its elements. (3mks)
- 10. Define medical sociology and highlight its three major concerns. (3mks)

#### SECTION B.

#### Answer Any TWO Questions. Each Question is 20 Mks.

1. Health is a Socio-cultural phenomenon, discuss.

(20mks)

- 2. Self-medication, alternative medication and other prevailing health care practices are quite common; discuss the factors associated with this practice, its benefits and the potential risks associated with it. (20mks)
- 3. Discuss the role of public health institutions on the existing health politics. (20mks)
- 2 Discuss role of medical anthropologists in control/prevention of diseases like HIV/AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria. (20mks)