



**JARAMOGI OGINGA ODINGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY**  
**SCHOOL OF BIOLOGICAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCES**  
**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF EDUCATION**  
**(SCIENCE)**

**2<sup>ND</sup> YEAR 2<sup>ND</sup> SEMESTER 2016/2017 ACADEMIC YEAR**

**MAIN**

**REGULAR**

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**COURSE CODE: SPH 205**

**COURSE TITLE: Mathematical Methods For Physics Ii**

**EXAM VENUE:**

**STREAM: EDUCATION**

**DATE:**

**EXAM SESSION:**

**TIME: 2:00 HRS**

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**Instructions:**

- 1. Answer question 1 (Compulsory) and ANY other 2 questions.**
- 2. Candidates are advised not to write on the question paper.**
- 3. Candidates must hand in their answer booklets to the invigilator while in the examination room.**

## SECTION A

### QUESTION 1(30 MARKS)

- a) (i) Given that  $z = x^2y^2 + 3xy$ , determine  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$  and  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$  (2 marks)
- (ii) Write an equation for the total differential of the function  $f = f(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$  (1 mark)
- b) Evaluate  $\left(\frac{1+i\sqrt{3}}{1-i\sqrt{3}}\right)^{10}$  leaving your answer in the form  $a + ib$ . (3 marks)
- c) Show that the complex-valued function  $f(z) = z^2$  is analytic. (2 marks)
- d) Define the following terms.
- (i) Power series (1 mark)
- (ii) Essential singularity (2 marks)
- e) State the fundamental theorem of algebra. (1 mark)
- f) (i) Find the determinant of  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 4 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 9 & 2 & 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$  (4 marks)
- (ii) Given the system of linear equations
- $$a_1x_1 + a_2x_2 = a_3$$
- $$b_1x_1 + b_2x_2 = b_3,$$
- obtain an expression for  $x_2$  in form of a ratio of two determinants. (3 marks)
- g) Distinguish between a Hilbert space and the Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization. (2 marks)
- h) Show that in a Fourier series of a function  $f(x)$  in the interval  $[-P, P]$ , the Fourier coefficient  $a_0$  is given by
- $$a_0 = \frac{1}{P} \int_{-P}^P f(x) dx$$
- (4 marks)
- i) (i) Distinguish between a first order linear and homogeneous ordinary differential equation. (2 marks)
- (ii) Solve the equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} + y = e^x$  (3 marks)

## SECTION B

*Answer any TWO questions in this section*

### QUESTION 2(20 MARKS)

- a) Determine the partial second derivatives of  $f(x, y) = e^{2x} \cos(y - x)$ , hence show that the second partial derivative is a commutative operation. (9 marks)

- b) Derive the De Moivre's theorem. **(5 marks)**  
 c) Calculate the cube root of 8. **(6 marks)**

**QUESTION 3 (20 MARKS)**

- a) Derive the Cauchy Riemann Equations from first principles. **(9 marks)**  
 b) Expand  $\frac{1}{(Z+1)(Z-3i)}$  in a Laurent series about the point  $Z = -1$  **(7 marks)**  
 c) Show that the set  $S = \left\{ \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right), \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \right\}$  is orthonormal. **(4 marks)**

**QUESTION 4 (20 MARKS)**

- a) (i) Name an eigen value equation in quantum mechanics. **(1 mark)**  
 (ii) Let  $B = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ . Find the eigen values of  $B$  and the associated eigenvectors. **(12 marks)**  
 b) Show that the differential equation  $(x^2 + y^2)dx + 2xydy = 0$  is exact, hence solve it. **(7 marks)**

**QUESTION 5 (20 MARKS)**

- a) Diagonalize the matrix  $\begin{pmatrix} p & -q \\ q & p \end{pmatrix}$  where  $p$  and  $q$  are real numbers and  $q \neq 0$  **(14 marks)**  
 b) Define a Fourier series of a function  $f(x)$ . **(2 marks)**  
 c) Given the box function which can represent a single pulse,  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & -a \leq x \leq a \\ 0, & x > a \end{cases}$ , find the Fourier transform of  $f(x)$  **(4 marks)**