



**JARAMOGI OGINGA ODINGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY**

**SCHOOL OF INFORMATICS AND INNOVATIVE SYSTEMS**

**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR SCIENCE IN  
INFORMATION COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY**

**1<sup>st</sup> YEAR 2<sup>nd</sup> SEMESTER 2019/20 ACADEMIC YEAR**

**MAIN CAMPUS**

---

**COURSE CODE: ICT 3124**

**COURSE TITLE: Systems Theory**

**EXAM VENUE:**

**STREAM: BSc ICT**

**DATE: Dec 03 2020**

**EXAM SESSION:**

**TIME: 2.00 HOURS**

---

**INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. Answer Question 1 (Compulsory) and ANY other two questions**
- 2. Candidates are advised not to write on the question paper**
- 3. Candidates must hand in their answer booklets to the invigilator while in the examination room**

## Question 1

- a) A system consists of a set of elements that function \_\_\_\_\_ with each other  
(1 mark)
- b) \_\_\_\_\_ are all the factors that are brought into the system from the outside  
(1 mark)
- c) Everything outside a system which affects a system is referred to a system's \_\_\_\_\_  
(1 mark)
- d) Open-closed refers to the amount of interaction a system has with its \_\_\_\_\_  
(1 mark)
- e) When elements of a system mutually influence each other they are said to be \_\_\_\_\_  
(1 mark)
- f) The part of a system's output which is recycled as input to help the system to stay on track is called \_\_\_\_\_ (1 mark)
- g) Define the term synergy (2 marks)
- h) Define the following terms using relevant examples:
- i) system boundary (2 marks)
- ii) system interface (2 marks)
- iii) decoupling (2 marks)
- iv) system environment (2 marks)
- i) Use 3 examples to explain how various elements of a system are interdependent (6 marks)
- j) What are the 5 components that make up an information system (5 marks)
- k) An organization can be viewed as a system. Explain (3 marks)

## Question 2

- a) Highlight 2 advantages and 2 disadvantages of systems theory (4 marks)
- b) Identify 4 tenets of systems thinking (4 marks)
- c) Clearly explain how systems theory is applied in software development (8 marks)

d) Differentiate between hard and soft systems (2 marks)

### Question 3

a) What is the feedback of a system (2 marks)

b) Give 4 examples of feedbacks that an appointment system might receive (4 marks)

c) Briefly explain what a system consists of (8 marks)

e) Identify 3 stages of systems approach (6 marks)

### Question 4

a) Define a subsystem (2 marks)

b) Discuss 4 kinds of subsystems that exist in JOOUST (8 marks)

c) Show diagrammatically SDLC and explain each step/stage (6 marks)

d) Why are boundary and environment important for understanding a system (4 marks)

### Question 5

a) Differentiate between an open system and a closed system (2 marks)

b) Briefly explain the following system properties:

i) holism (2 marks)

ii) adaptability (2 marks)

iii) interdependence (2 marks)

iv) independence (2 marks)

c) Discuss 3 IT management issues related to IT and organisations (6 marks)

d) Highlight 4 basic principles of system theory (4 marks)