



## SECTION A (40 MARKS)

### *ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION*

1. Identify **FOUR** benefits of Universal Health Coverage (4 Marks)
2. Differentiate between incidence and prevalence as used in health statistics (2 Marks)
3. Defaulter tracing is done to follow up clients who have missed appointment services.  
State **FOUR** health services defaulted by the community members (4 Marks)
4. Highlight **FOUR** goals of community health assessment (4 Marks)
5. Health in Kenya is organized at different levels of delivery with specific services offered at each level of delivery. State **FOUR** services offered at level 2 (4 Marks)
6. Outline **FOUR** attributes of an effective defaulter tracing system (4 Marks)
7. Identify **FOUR** challenges facing the referral system in Kenya (4 Marks)
8. State **THREE** skills needed for effective community mobilization (3 Marks)
9. Partnership and collaboration between two or more agencies produce a greater impact on the health of the community. Outline **FOUR** benefits of interagency collaboration (4 Marks)
10. Highlight **FOUR** challenges that can be experienced when conducting outreach program (4 marks)
11. Report writing should be done at the end of every activity to give accounts of the tasks done by the project team. Highlight **THREE** types of reports (3 marks)

## SECTION B (60 MARKS)

### ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION

12. Inter-sectoral collaboration and partnerships are established to address the wider determinants of community health.
- a) Discuss **SIX** determinants of community health (12 Marks)
  - b) Explain **FOUR** principles of effective and sustainable partnerships (8 Marks)
13. Implementation of Universal Health Coverage by the government has enhanced easy access to health services by all Kenyan citizens.
- a) State **THREE** pillars of Universal Health Coverage (3 Marks)
  - b) Highlight **FIVE** impacts of community engagement on Universal Health Coverage success (5 Marks)
  - c) Discuss **SIX** challenges facing counties in the successful implementation of Universal Health Coverage (12 Marks)
14. Community outreach programs are designed to bring services closer to people.
- a) Discuss steps followed when developing an intergrated community health outreach program (12 Marks)
  - b) Identify **FOUR** community health outreach sites (4 Marks)
  - c) State **FOUR** factors to consider when selecting an outreach site (4 Marks)
15. Defaulter tracing improves retention of enrolled patients in treatment and ensures adherence to treatment thus improving quality health services access.
- a) Define defaulter tracing information system (2 Marks)
  - b) Describe the **FIVE** steps followed when conducting community defaulter tracing (10 Marks)
  - c) Explain **FOUR** reasons for defaulting in the healthcare system (8 Marks)

16. Community mobilization is an integral part of health and development

a) Highlight **FIVE** benefits of integrated community mobilization (5 Marks)

b) Identify **FIVE** key areas that community mobilization and participation focus on (5 Marks)

c) Explain the steps to be followed in conducting of community mobilization

(10 Marks)