



JARAMOGI OGINGA ODINGA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

SCHOOL OF INFORMATICS AND INNOVATIVE SYSTEMS

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND SOFTWARE

ENGINEERING

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF

BACHELOR SCIENCE IN COMPUTER SECURITY AND FORENSICS

4ND YEAR 1ST SEMESTER 2024/2025 ACADEMIC YEAR

MAIN CAMPUS

COURSE CODE: IIT 1407

COURSE TITLE: CYBERCRIME INVESTIGATION

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. Answer Question 1 (Compulsory) and ANY other two questions**
 - 2. Candidates are advised not to write on the question paper**
 - 3. Candidates must hand in their answer booklets to the invigilator while in the examination room**
 - 4. No mobile devices (e.g. laptops, phones, e.t.c.) are allowed into the Examination Room**
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QUESTION ONE

[30 MARKS]

- a) Using relevant illustrations, explain what you understand by the following terms as applied in cybercrime investigation: (10 Marks)
- i) Expert Witness
 - ii) Authority of Seizure
 - iii) Cyber crime
 - iv) Forensic investigator
 - v) Forensic readiness
- b) Explain what you understand by the expression “*digital evidence*” (2 marks)
- c) State THREE sources of digital evidence (6 marks)
- d) Define the term cyber stalking as applied to cybercrime. (2 marks)
- e) Discuss the TWO types/modes of cybercrime attacks. (4 Marks)
- f) Discuss the rules that a cybercrime investigator must uphold during investigation. (6 Marks)

QUESTION TWO

[20 MARKS]

- a) Discuss the following attributes of evidence that cybercrime investigators must uphold for it to be admissible in a court of law. (10 Marks)
- i) Authentic
 - ii) Accurate
 - iii) Whole
 - iv) Acceptable
 - v) Admissible
- b) Describe THREE components of admissible digital evidence. (4 Marks)
- c) Discuss the rules that a cybercrime investigator must uphold during investigation. (6 Marks)

QUESTION THREE

[20 MARKS]

- a) Discuss how log files and IP addresses can be used to track unauthorized computer users. (12 Marks)
- b) Discuss the criticality of maintaining a chain of custody during the cybercrime investigation process. (4 Marks)
- c) Cybercrime investigators perform general tests on the evidence after collection to determine authenticity and reliability of the evidence. Discuss these tests. (4 Marks)

QUESTION FOUR

[20 MARKS]

- a) Define the term *hacking* (2 marks)
- b) Discuss the interrelationship between cybercrime and hacking. (10 marks)
- c) Explain the meaning of the term “*hate speech*” (4 marks)
- d) Log file provide records of events taking place in an operating system. Provide FOUR types of log files that are critical during cybercrime investigations. (4 marks)

QUESTION FIVE

[20 MARKS]

- a) What do you understand by the expression “digital evidence”? (2 marks)
- b) With the help of examples, provide a detailed explanation why “cyber stalking” is considered a crime under the Kenyan legal system. (8 marks)
- c) An incident happened years ago where Dr. Lubanga Moeba, a KEMRI researcher, was suspected of mailing anthrax-contaminated letters causing ten deaths and injury to dozens of more people. It is said that Dr. Moeba used disposable e-mail accounts with false names during the time of the anthrax attacks. Although Dr Moeba eventually died in a road accident before being charged, he was the primary suspect in these anthrax attacks. Before he died, a case was in a court after the bereaved families sought legal redress with a view of claiming compensations. Consider yourself having been engaged as an expert to assist in this case. Explain in detail how you would conduct your investigation and effectively assist the jury in solving this case. (8 Marks)
- d) State two reasons why there is need for standard operating procedures for investigation of cybercrimes. (2 Marks)

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