

SECTION A (30 Marks) Answer all questions

1. Describe the role of xylem and phloem in plant water transport, highlighting their differences in function. (3 marks)
2. State how transpiration contributes to water movement in plants. (3 marks)
3. How does the solute concentration affect the water potential of a solution? (3 marks)
4. State three roles of root hairs in mineral nutrition in plants. (3 marks)
5. Explain the difference between passive and active transport in mineral assimilation. (3 marks)
6. Describe three structural defenses that plants use to prevent pathogen's entry. (3 marks)
7. State three ways by which Systemic Acquired Resistance (SAR) helps plants defend themselves against pathogens. (3 marks)
8. List three types of secondary metabolites that plants produce to deter herbivores and explain their effects. (3 marks)
9. Differentiate between short-day, long-day, and day-neutral plants based on their flowering response to photoperiod. (3 marks)
10. What is vernalization, and why is it important in crop production? (3 marks)

SECTION B (40 Marks) Answer any 2 questions

11. Discuss the various defense mechanisms that plants employ against biotic stresses such as pathogens and herbivores (20 marks)
12. Compare and contrast the effects of hypotonic, isotonic, and hypertonic solutions on animal and plant cells (20 marks)
13. Discuss the different theories proposed to explain the ascent of sap in plants. (20 marks)
14. Explain the concept of water potential (Ψ_w) and its components. Discuss how water potential influences water movement in plant cells and its significance in plant physiology. (20 marks)